

PUBLIC MUST BE EDUCATED SAYS THEODORE

FORMER PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT
DISCUSSES CAPITAL
AND LABOR.

CONFLICT BETWEEN TWO RIGHTS Maintains That Difficulties Often Result From Such a Situation.

Wichita, Kans., Sept. 19.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, addressing a state-wide meeting of Progressives here today, elucidated his position on important subjects of legislation. He discussed the relations of capital and labor at some length, pointing to the Colorado labor troubles as illustrating the failure of the national and state government to enact and enforce effective laws and pointed to the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad scandal as an example of capital gone wrong in the absence of proper governmental control.

Business, he asserted, is entitled to its profits, and we must learn to accept the principle of combinations of capital as of the highest economic value. But this acceptance, he insisted, must carry with it a fair share of the profit to the employee. The industrial situation has greatly changed in the last twenty-five years, he said for whereas at the beginning of the period mentioned today about 25 per cent of the people were employed, at this time he said half of them live on their wages. He quoted "Dooley" in illustration. "Jefferson was a good man," said Dooley, "but he lived before the days of open plumbing."

Congressmen erred in defeating reform measures proposed by Progressives, the speaker asserted, mentioning the Murdock trust bills, the tariff commission bill, the federal employment bureau bill and the bill for the abolishment of child labor, as measures which he said were blocked by opponents of the Progressives. This opposition, he said, emphasized "the need of our demand for a reform of the political machinery, notably the reform of the presidential nominating system. Explaining the labor theme, Colonel Roosevelt said:

"There must be full participation in the industry of the three big factors—adequate capital, successful management, and highly paid and highly efficient labor. There must be full and ungrudging recognition of labor's rights in industry, and on the other hand no less recognition by the labor of its responsibility as to output and its share in the responsibility to the public for stability and peace in industry."

"Not only must we now insist on certain types of legislation but we must take the lead in educating the public, in educating our people as a whole because there can be no legislation until we have an intelligent and rousing public opinion. Often the difficulties come not so much from a conflict between right and wrong as from conflict between one right and another."

"On the other hand we often have to face a situation in which both sides have gone wrong, although one has done no more wrong than the other. In such case, government authorities should interfere, doing impartial justice to both, and exacting justice from both."

In relation to the latter, Colonel Roosevelt cited the case of conditions in Colorado in connection with the strike of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

"These conditions," he asserted, "are primarily due to our failure as a nation (following the failure of the people of Colorado as a state), to

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 6)

SHOE FACTORY RUNS STEADILY

The Brown Shoe company is now, according to reports today, employing 340 hands in the Dixon factory, which has been running steadily since it was taken over by the big concern January 1. Of the number of employees 125 are ladies.

CHICAGO POSITION.

Miss Margaret Altman has given up her Dixon office and accepted a position as stenographer in Chicago.

EVERY MEMBER OF BAND IS AN ARTIST

EXCELLENCE OF "PRESIDENT'S OWN" IS DUE TO ABILITY OF MUSICIANS.

THREE ARE IN PROMINENCE

George Fry, Euphonium Soloist Has Been With Band For Nine Years.

Among the fifty members of the United States Marine band it would be difficult to assign to each his particular degree of excellence, because each and every one of them is an artist. In the concert to be given by the Marine band on their present tour it will not be practicable to bring more than three of these virtuosi before the public and these three are unsurpassed on the instruments that are their specialty.

One of the most famous instrumentalists of the United States Marine band, and an artist who has delighted thousands of music lovers throughout the United States is George Fry, the Euphonium soloist, who has held his position in "The President's Own" for nine years. He is a thorough musician, and handles his difficult instrument with the skill of a great artist. He charms his auditors with the wonderful tone and delicate expression of his almost inspired playing.

At several points on the present tour of the Marine band where concerts will be given in large auditoriums equipped with pipe-organs, arrangements have been made to give as one number of the program Sullivan's "The Lost Chord," with a combination of pipe-organ, the Marine band, and its famous cornet soloist, Arthur Witcomb, who won an international reputation as cornet soloist with the famous bands of Europe before coming to America.

These internationally famous instrumental soloists, will appear at the concert to be given here Monday, October 5, at 7:45 p. m., at Assembly Park.

FIVE YEAR OLD LAD KILLED BY MACHINE

TRAGIC ACCIDENT AT DAVENPORT COST THE LIFE OF LITTLE BOY.

Davenport, Sept. 19.—One of the most tragic accidents in years in Davenport occurred shortly after eight o'clock last night when John Richard Brownlee, five year old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Brownlee of Bettendorf, the other hand no less recognition by the labor of its responsibility as to output and its share in the responsibility to the public for stability and peace in industry.

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REPUBLICANS FAVOR NEEDED REFORMS IN STATE AND NATION

PLATFORM ADOPTED BY STATE CONVENTION AT PEORIA ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

INCREASE WOMENS' SUFFRAGE

The Platform Comes Out for Unlimited Franchise for Members of the Fair Sex.

The platform adopted by the Republican state convention at Peoria Friday afternoon favors many needed reforms in state and national affairs, with the democratic state administration the target for some "hot shots." The platform makes a stinging indictment of the democratic administration as to all national affairs. It emphasizes the alleged weakness of the democratic state administration in Illinois, pointing to the increase in the state tax rate from 35 to 70 cents, to the alleged attempt of the democrats to abolish civil service, and the general breakdown of good government which is charged to democratic officials of both the state and nation.

As to the particular state issues the platform says:

The Republican party pledges itself if restored to power, to work for the following reform, which it believes to be of paramount importance in the legislative and administrative work of the state:

"The enactment of a comprehensive corrupt practices act applicable to all public officials."

"The extension of civil service principles to all branches of the state service."

"A comprehensive reform of our state revenue system to the end that the burdens of taxation may be justly and equitably distributed."

Unlimited Suffrage.

"The granting of unlimited suffrage to women voters."

"The amendment of revision of the state constitution to the end that much needed reforms which are prevented, hampered or delayed by the restrictive provisions of the present state constitution may be obtained most easily, most quickly and most completely."

(Continued on page 5, Col. 7)

STUBS TOE ON BRIDGE DROWNED IN STREAM

FRANK X. FERNBACH OF ROCKFORD LOST LIFE IN PECULIAR MANNER.

Rockford, Sept. 18.—Searching parties from the sheriff's and coroner's office were unable to locate the body of Frank X. Fernbach, 447 North Avon street, who fell into Rock river from the St. Paul bridge near Rockton yesterday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Fernbach were crossing the railroad bridge when Mr. Fernbach stubbed his toe in some manner. He stumbled and fell into the swollen river, and it is thought that possibly he struck his head against one of the piers, for he came to the surface only once. The accident happened at 1:30 in the afternoon.

River Very High.

The drop to the water at the point where Mr. Fernbach fell is about eight feet. The water is very high at present due to the heavy rains in the north and the stream is moving with a great swiftness. It is thought that the corpse will be carried miles before it is recovered.

Mr. Fernbach was 60 years old.

AURORA SCHOOL BOY MISSING

Alfred Brennan, an Aurora high school boy, who will be 15 years old in November, left home the morning of September 8, when school opened, and has not been seen since. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Brennan are terribly worried. They cannot conceive of any reason for the boy, their only son, quitting their roof. He has always been an exceptionally obedient lad.

COUNCIL MEETING.

There will be a regular meeting of the city council on Monday morning.

COUNTY FAIR WAS BEST EVER HELD IN AMBOY

ATTENDANCE FOR FOUR DAYS SETS NEW MARK FOR THE ASSOCIATION.

LARGE EXPENSE WARRANTED

Directors Feel That Outlay Was Appreciated by Thousands of Patrons.

The Lee county fair of 1914, is now a matter of history, and it is recorded that the fair has been the most successful in the history of the association. Fair weather, larger and better exhibits than ever before, a fine speed program and awakened interest in the amusement enterprise resulted in a total attendance this year which far eclipsed any previous year; and although the financial outlay for this fall's "pumpkin show" was greater than ever before, the directors feel that the increased expense was warranted.

Big Crowd Friday.

Another big crowd, one of the largest Friday crowds the fair has ever had, made the closing day a most interesting one. Grand stand and infield were crowded with interested race onlookers, while the displays were also popular.

Second Horse Dies.

During the free-for-all pace Friday afternoon, the second horse of the week dropped dead on the track, Diamond Dispute, owned by Hap Huee of Binbridge, Ind., and driven by Adrian, succumbed to heart trouble in the third heat, dropping under the wire. The horse was 8 years old, had a mark of 2:09 3-4, and was valued at \$3500. The summary of Friday's racing:

Free-for-all Pace, Purse \$300.

B. M. (Posey) 2 1 1 1
John Bryon, (West) 1 2 2 2
Diamond Disput 3 3
Time 2:10 1/4; 2:12 1/4; 2:15 1/4; 2:17.

2:24 Trot, Purse \$350.

Carline May (Blind) 1 2 1 1
Robin (Adrian) 3 1 2 2
Empress Yla (Coe) 2 3 4 4
Exaltine, Bill Rhodes, Nellie Aegon, M. Roy, Lucile Togo and Maud Miller, also started.

Time 2:18 1/4; 2:15 1/4; 2:18 1/4; 2:19.

Green Race.

Lady Blanche (Clayton) 1 1 1 1
Hattie Hamlin (Thompson) 2 2 2 2
Bud (Leffelman) 3 3 3 3
Time 2:22; 2:28; 2:28.

Stock Parade.

Friday afternoon the stock parade was held and was of interest, as the display this year was especially fine. All ribbons were in place and all exhibits all day making the closing day of extreme interest in that detail also.

Balloon Burned.

The second accident of the day prevented the balloon ascension, for while the bag was being filled with gas it ignited from sparks and burned sufficiently to preclude any possibility of repairing it in time for a flight.

NEW ROOF FOR THE LIBRARY

The tile roof on the public library building is being removed and will be replaced with a different style of tile that will give better service. The present roof has given poor service and a great deal of damage has been caused by the rain leaking through the roof.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

Observations at the weather bureau New York taken at 8 p. m., as follows:

Temp	Weather
Washington 65	Part Cloudy
New York 81	Clear
Boston 76	Clear
Buffalo 74	Clear
Chicago 68	Clear
St. Louis 78	Clear
New Orleans 78	Cloudy

Weather For Tomorrow.
Illinois, Indiana, lower Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa—Fair; moderate winds.

Tuesday	..... 80	62	45
Wednesday	..... 81	63	
Thursday	..... 83	61	
Friday	..... 82	57	
Saturday	..... 84	54	

"PORK BARREL" TO BE CUT TO STOP REPUBLICAN FIGHT

FILIBUSTER AGAINST RIVERS AND HARBORS MEASURE IS SUCCESSFUL.

WILSON GIVES PERMISSION

Sees the Necessity in the Face of the Proposed War Revenue Measures.

(Associated Press)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—At the end of a day and a night's fight on the Rivers and Harbors "pork barrel" bill, in the senate signs of a break were shown today which indicated victory for the filibustering Republicans, when it became known that President Wilson had agreed to a reduction of the appropriation from \$53,000,000 to ten or fifteen millions, and economy all along the lines.

The bill as originally planned would have carried an appropriation of \$93,000,000. The necessity for a war revenue called attention to this enormous appropriation and the Republicans immediately gave battle to reduce the amounts.

BOYS OF DISTRICT AT STATE FAIR SCHOOL

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT MILLER GOES TO SPRINGFIELD THIS MORNING.

County Superintendent of Schools L. W. Miller left this morning for Springfield, where he will help make ready for the Boys' State Fair School. Mr. Miller is Assistant Superintendent for the Thirteenth Congressional District. The State Fair school will be from Sept. 18 to 26.

The following are the boys from the various counties in this district who were awarded the instruction of the school:

Stephenson County:

John E. Baumgartner, Pearl City, Ill.

Ill.

John Hoot, Buena Vista, Ill.

Milford Stout, Freeport, Ill.

Jo Daviess County:

George Mahon, Warren, Ill.

Roscoe Francke, Hanover, Ill.

Carroll County:

Vernon L. Rawlins, Mt. Carroll, Ill.

Glen C. Miller, Savanna, Ill.

Ogle County:

Gerald M. Poley, Stillman Valley, Ill.

Lee County:

Dayle Rosenkrans, Pawpaw, Ill.

Bowdon Jesse, Amboy, Ill.

Lewis E. Miller, Pawpaw, Ill.

Whiteside County:

(Vacancies).

AUTO TURNED OVER DIXON MEN INJURED

EDWARD HALEY AND HAROLD MILLER VICTIMS OF ACCIDENT THIS MORNING.

Edward Haley and Harold Miller received slight injuries this morning when the machine in which they were riding turned over at the corner of Madison avenue and Seventh street. They were riding with John Nellen in a Ford roadster when the car turned over, throwing the young men to the ground. Haley received injuries to his back and Miller had a foot cut.

TAX ON INSURANCE POLICIES

When the federal war tax goes into effect the charge on life insurance policies will be 8 cents per \$100 of insurance. If the fraternal orders and assessment associations succeed in having their contracts declared certificates instead of policies, the cost will be but 10 cents per certificate. All contracts with brokers will bear a 10 cent stamp. The charges on fire, casualty and miscellaneous insurance is fixed at one-half of one per cent of the premium.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH.

Rev. Charles Holbrook will conduct the services at St. Luke's church Sunday as follows: Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. and regular service at 11 a. m.

COUNTY LIFE WAS CONFERENCE SUBJECT

DIXON AND PALMYRA PEOPLE ATTENDED STERLING MEETING.

DECLINE OF COUNTRY CHURCH

Success and Strength of Community Depends on the Churches.

Consolidation of rural schools, establishment of high schools, teaching the problems practical on the farm, keeping the boys and girls of the farm at home, and attending the rural consolidated school until 18 years of age, the upbuilding of the rural community life, the country church, co-operation of farm work, creameries and buying and selling on the farm, were the important subjects discussed this forenoon at the opening of the conference on Country Life at the Presbyterian church in Sterling Friday, which was attended by a number of Palmyra and Dixon people.

Although the first session was not largely attended, and the thoughts advanced were not theoretical, but practical.

Decline of Country Church.

When the conference opened a devotional and song service was held, after which Dr. Wilson of New York took charge of the meeting. He referred to the decline of the country church, speaking generally, showing there were thousands of churches not in use throughout the land, referring especially to Illinois, Ohio, and also conditions in the south.

Conditions Deplored.

The doctor deplored these conditions, and this was one of the problems that the conference today is attempting to solve. With this problem came the problems of building up the community, through the general co-operation of the people, in consolidated schools, co-operation, and general advancement. In his talk Dr. Wilson, showed the growth of the city churches and attendance in ten years, that it was far greater

(Continued on Page 5, Column 2.)

COMPTON MAN HIT IN HEAD WITH GLASS

WAS THE VICTIM OF VICIOUS ASSAULT AT AMBOY ON FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

William Guimby, who struck Modiste Henry with a glass at Amboy, was arrested this afternoon and placed in the county jail, awaiting developments in Henry's condition. His physician ordered that he should not be moved for three days so that he will remain at the Amboy hospital for a time.

A young man by the name of Henry, who resides in Compton, had a narrow escape from serious injury yesterday afternoon as the result of being struck by a drinking glass thrown by one of the concessioners at the Lee county fair grounds. The glass caused a deep cut on the forehead over the nose and necessitated several stitches by a physician.

The trouble was caused by one of the concessioners offering several young men all the lemonade they could drink for five cents. This was at the close of the day when the events were over. The young men, of which young Henry was one of the party, took the man up and then began to ridicule the proprietor over the quality of his goods. The roasting of these fellows angered the man to the extent that he lost control of himself and threw a glass into the bunch, which struck Henry.

Henry was taken to the Amboy hospital where the wound was attended to. This morning his condition was enough better so that he could be removed to his home.

No arrests were made as a result of the fracas, as the boys were to blame to some extent.

CANNING SEASON IS NOW HERE

With the canning season on at full blast the grocers are kept busy. Fruit of all kinds is now coming in in large quantities while the demand for cans and tops is larger than usual, say the grocers, due, no doubt, to the increased cost of living.

LITTLE CHANGE IN SIXTH DAY OF B.G. BATTLE

FRENCH ADVANCE SLIGHTLY ON THE RIVER OISE—GERMAN CENTER HOLDS.

AUSTRIANS MAKE A STAND

With Germans They Have Formed a New Line of Defense in the East.

(Associated Press.)

FRENCH ADVANCE ALONG RIVER OISE

Paris, Sept. 19.—An official statement says: "The French have advanced on the right bank of the Oise while the Germans are bringing reinforcements from Lorraine to the River Aisne. The enemy is holding firm on the center but the army of the German Crown Prince continues its retreat."

SITUATION IS UNCHANGED; RAIN

London, Sept. 19.—An official statement says: "The situation is unchanged. Rain continues."

GERMANS BOMBARD RHEIMS ON THURSDAY

London, Sept. 19.—The Mail's correspondent telegraphs that on Thursday the Germans bombarded Rheims from the heights near the city and that fire broke out in eight different places.

REPORTS OF LULL IN BATTLE OF THE AISNE.

London, Sept. 19.—The battle of the Aisne, which is now in its sixth day, beginning as a rear guard action, has developed into the supreme conflict of the French campaign. The last official news says that there has been a lull in the titanic conflict, and this is taken to indicate that today's struggle may be marked by a tremendous advance of infantry such as made the battle field of the Marne a scene of indescribable horror and desolation.

Germans Confident.

The news from Berlin has a more confident ring. The admission has been made that the Germans were short of ammunition, but this has been rectified and supplies and reinforcements have been sent forward.

Beyond Endurance.

A French officer just from the battle front, said that the strain on both sides promises to soon get beyond human endurance.

Advance Stopped.

A Petrograd dispatch reports that General Rennankapff has definitely arrested the German advance.

Expect an Attack.

A dispatch from Vienna reports that the Austrians have fortified their new extended front from southwest of Lemberg to Cracow with Przemyśl as the center. It is expected that the Russians will at once attack the fortress of Przemyśl.

Unrest in Austria.

From many points in Austria-Hungary come disquieting reports. Poio naval base on the Adriatic is said to be in revolt, while the people of Vienna are demanding news from the Galicia district.

Hordes of wounded Austrians are being poured into the capital daily and violent scenes are reported outside the Ministry of War building in Vienna.

Terrible Apprehension.

The most cruel aspect of the terrible battle which is raging in France, from a British standpoint is the dreadful apprehension with which the English public awaits the publication of casualties.

Many Mowed Down.

In the last week's fighting many of Great Britain's most famous regiments are reported to have been mowed down; and the German public may also expect shocks on this character. It is reported that the famous Prussian Guard has been virtually wiped out.

Many Officers Killed.

Unofficial reports, originating in Paris, place the allies losses at 50,000 and the German losses at 100,000. In the series of engagements comprised in the last great clash of arms many French and German officers were killed. A German of-

(Continued Page 3, Col. 7)

COBB, ATTAINS LEAD IN AMERICAN LEAGUE

BATTED HIMSELF INTO FIRST
POSITION DURING THE
PAST WEEK.

JAMES IS LEADING PITCHERS

Boston Braves' L. A. Artist Has Won
24 and Lost But Six of
His Games.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Ty Cobb, the slugging Georgian of the Detroit club batted himself to the front during the last week, according to figures published here today. He is now leading his nearest rival by 27 points and at the rate he is going at present there is little likelihood of his being headed. The averages as published show eleven hitters in the 300 class. They are Cobb, Detroit, 375; E. Collins, Philadelphia, 348; Jackson, of Cleveland, 347; Hobbittell, Boston, 347; Speaker, Boston, 328; Cree, of New York, 327; Crawford, Detroit, 321; Baker, Philadelphia, 319; McInnis, Philadelphia, 316; C. Walker, St. Louis, 307, and M. Mitchell, Washington, 306.

League Leaders.
Philadelphia and Detroit continue to lead the league in club batting, with figures of 270 and 255. The homerun honors remain with Baker, Philadelphia, who has 9. Maisei of New York leads in base stealing, with 62, while E. Collins of Philadelphia is pressing him with 55.

The Brooklyn club of the National League is still honored with the leading hitter. This is Tex Erwin, who heads a list of 13 hitters in the 300 class with an average of .348. The others in this select group are Dalton, Brooklyn, 328; Daubert, Brooklyn, 324; Becker, Philadelphia, 321; Wheat, Brooklyn; S. Magee, Philadelphia and Connolly, Boston, tied with 304; Phelan, Chicago, and Wingo, Louis, tied with 304; Grant, New York, 302 and G. Burns, New York, 300.

Safer Home Run King.
Club hitting honors go to Brooklyn with 270, with New York next with 264. Vic Saler, Chicago, leads as the home run king with 17, while the honors for base stealing go to G. Burns, New York, who has 52.

American league pitchers who lead their league are: Bender, Philadelphia, with 15 and 3; Leonard, Boston 19 and 5; Plank, Philadelphia, 15 and 6.

The Boston club of the National League has the leading pitcher. He is James, with 24 and 6. Rudolph, his team mate, is next with 22 and 8, while Doak of St. Louis, is third with 16 and 7.

Manager Bill Hinchman of Columbus remains at the head of the baters in the American Association with 364, closely followed by Kidke of Cleveland with 349.

PROMISE ELDENA A BUSY AFTERNOON

BUSTER BROWNS ARE SEEKING
REVENGE FOR THEIR RE-
CENT DEFEAT.

The Buster Browns are determined to give the Eldena aggregation a hard wallowing tomorrow afternoon at Lincoln park. The Busters will go into the game with a strong lineup, and Lightner, the old reliable, will be on the slab. A heavy attendance is expected as the baseball season is fast drawing to a close.

Are After Sterling.
The Brunswicks will go to Sterling in the hope of redeeming honors by winning the third game of the series with the Sterling West Ends. The West Ends have been the winners of the two games already played, one in each town. The Brunies will have to take this game in the enemy's territory. Manager Vaile is taking a strong lineup to Sterling to wage war against the Sterlings.

TENNIS STARS WILL PLAY TWO CONTESTS

DIXON WILL MEET MORRISON
AND POLO DURING THE
COMING WEEK.

The coming week will be a busy one for the local tennis players as contests with Morrison players and Polo players are being arranged. The contest between Morrison and Dixon will be played on the local court and the Polo match will be in that city. The exact dates for the two matches have not been set. Arthur Badger of Morrison, son of W. H. Badger of this city, is arranging the match for Morrison.

Interesting Sidelights on the War

Associated Press Representatives In Foreign Lands Write of Unusual
Circumstances Attendant the Great European Struggle.

"CONGRESS OF NATIONS."

London.—The assorted company which presented itself at the headquarters of the American Residents' Relief committee resembles a congress of nations. Negroes, Japanese, Chinese, Hindus and Arabs are among those who show papers proving themselves citizens of the United States and who are trying to get home.

The first rush of applicants for aid was made up chiefly of tourists, but later the stream of American who had resided in Europe for some time and were employed in the various countries affected by the war. Many negroes who had been engaged as musicians and entertainers were instantly thrown out of work and they sought the help of the American government. Actors, circus performers, vaudevillians and all sorts of entertainers found themselves in a similar plight.

Chief Lewis Deer of the Cheyenne Indians and his company of braves who were delighting Austrian crowds with their reproduction of Custer's last stand came to grief at Lihach, where the circus with which they were engaged was forced to disband, and after several weeks of interviews with German and Austrian officials, who were suspicious of the red men, they finally made their way to London with tales of hardship which rival the stories of pioneer days in Wyoming. Only by putting on all their feathers and war paint were the Indians able to establish their identity thoroughly and make their way through the war zone. In ordinary clothing they had nothing but trouble and merely progressed from one jail or compound to another. But buckskin suits decorated with beads and crowns of turkey feathers stamped them as real Americans and speeded their passage.

FRENCH "BUTCHERY" CANNON.

Paris.—The principal sources of really graphic information of operations at the front are, for the moment accounts given by the returning wounded and prisoners and by private letters.

They all go to show that the worst predictions as to the bloody character of the war are being realized.

The ravages in the German ranks are due in part, it is declared, to furious charges with the bayonet, but mostly to the 75 millimeter guns.

A German officer, interviewed on his way to one of the interior military prisons declared "the French cannon isn't a war cannon, its a butchery cannon."

One of the latest battles at Ram-billers in the Vosges was fought on

the edge of a forest between two regiments of infantry supported by artillery, and so fierce became the fire on both sides that the two regiments were obliged to retire at the same time leaving the field to grape and canister.

From Sergeant Aviator Dacraen it is learned that six German flying machines succumbed to musketry fire at the Luxemburg frontier. "We are in France for the moment," he writes, "and the Germans are retiring, burning Belgian villages as they pass. Gastinger, on a Belgian aeroplane, came back from the frontier with a ball in his back, fortunately the German bullets don't seem to do much damage; this one was stopped by a loaf of bread."

The following letter from a brigadier of dragoons is a specimen of a certain class of letters that have begun to arrive in Paris:

"My dear parents: If you receive this letter it will be because I have been killed, but don't weep for me, since my fate will have been the noblest a Frenchman can dream to die of, to die for his country on the eve of victory. We shall be the victors because we have right and confidence on our side. I shall have done my duty to the end and I hope my death will have been useful to my country. My last thoughts will be for you."

With this letter there came another from the cure of a little Belgian village giving the details of the death of the writer of the above. It was in a Belgian forest that a party of dragoons were surprised by an ambush and all shot down excepting three and on these the Prussians rushed to complete their work. The brigadier already wounded in the leg managed to master his pain and charged alone, and the cure adds that there was other than French blood shed upon the field.

"His body is not lost," the cure continues, "it reposes in the little cemetery of our village where you will come to visit his tomb after the war."

A letter from a wounded soldier to his wife in Paris reads:

"We were in the first rank with our lieutenant Jean Ebrard at the head. He received six bullets. First wounded in the thigh, he got up again, collected his men and went on ahead. Another ball struck him in the shoulder and four others were stopped by his knapsack. He found another later in his belt. 'Precious souvenir' he said. He went to have his wounds dressed on returning to the place of assembling. There's a sample of the conduct of our officers."

TURKESTAN ALFALFA SEED FOUND INFERIOR

THE COMMERCIAL VARIETY BOTH HIGHER IN PRICE AND
POORER IN QUALITY THAN THE HOME GROWN PRODUCT

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—A warning to alfalfa growers to avoid the use of commercial Turkestan seed is contained in Department Bulletin No. 138, of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, which is shortly to be issued under the title "Commercial Turkestan Alfalfa Seed."

Specialists of the department have been investigating the comparative merits of different kinds of alfalfa seeds and have reached the conclusion that there is nothing to recommend the Turkestan variety for general use in this country. It is, they say, particularly unsuited to the humid climate of the East, which as a matter of fact, uses most of the Turkestan seed imported into this country. This seed is also not sufficiently hardy to warrant its general use in the upper Mississippi Valley, where hardness is an important factor. The investigators, however, are careful to distinguish between commercial Turkestan alfalfa and special strains of hardy alfalfas that have been developed from certain introductions of the seed from Turkestan. Valuable varieties of alfalfas unquestionably exist in central Asia, but these are at present only fitted for use in experimental work in breeding.

At the present time approximately one-fifth of the alfalfa seed used in the United States is imported. Of this quantity, practically all—95 per cent in the last twelve months—has come from Russian Turkestan. In the European market commercial Turkestan is the cheapest seed available; in this country its wholesale price is less than that of domestic seed. In

spite of this fact, however, a mistaken belief in its superior qualities has resulted in raising its retail price to a point frequently above that of domestic seed. No such preference is shown in the alfalfa growing regions of Europe. There French seed is commonly considered the best, with Italian ranking next, and Turkestan last. Under these circumstances very little French and Italian seed finds its way to the United States, the bulk of the importations being, as has already been stated, the cheap commercial Turkestan.

Fortunately growers who wish to avoid this variety can readily identify it by the presence of Russian knapweed seeds. These seeds have not been found anywhere except in commercial Turkestan seed, and here they are practically always present. Russian Knapweed is in some ways similar to quack grass, Johnson grass and Canadian thistle, spreading both by seeds and underground rootstocks. The seeds are slightly larger than are those of the alfalfa and cannot all be removed by any practicable method of machine cleaning. Their chalky white color makes them especially conspicuous, and their symmetrical form—slightly wedge shaped—distinguishes them from the notched seed of other species often found in varieties of alfalfa from other sections. The knapweed seeds, however, are not usually found in large quantities and any lot of alfalfa should, therefore, be examined in bulk. The examination of small samples is not sufficient to show whether the alfalfa comes from Turkestan or not.

HORSE DROPPED DEAD.

A horse belonging to W. H. McWilliams dropped dead yesterday while Mr. McWilliams was at work teaming for the J. W. Kelley Concrete company.

HOME FROM HOSPITAL.

Francis Coffey has been removed from the hospital to his home on Seventh street. Mr. Coffey has been benefited by the operation which he recently underwent at the hospital.

MECHANICAL DEVICES TO TEACH HEALTH LESSONS

THE ILLINOIS STATE BOARD OF
HEALTH WILL HAVE VERY IN-
TERESTING EXHIBIT AT STATE
FAIR.

Visitors at the Illinois State Fair this year are to be afforded the opportunity of seeing the most unique and highly instructive health exhibit yet shown in this country. It will be entirely different from any former health exhibit wherein it is to be a demonstration of health facts by the means of mechanical models, cartoons and other ingenious devices, rather than a display of cold statistical facts and placards setting forth more or less unwelcome advice. The character of this year's exhibit will be such that every man, woman and child attending the fair will want to see it; none will see it without profiting thereby.

Seven large booths will be occupied by this exhibit in the balcony of the Exposition building, and among the more interesting features will be the following:

The Breathing Dolls.

As an effective method of calling public attention to the importance of proper ventilation of living rooms, nothing has yet been devised that equals the so-called "Breathing Dolls," a mechanical device of great attractiveness and wonderful teaching force. The public looking into a miniature house, set in the midst of a picturesque garden, see the interior of two sleeping rooms, one room with doors and windows open, the other with doors and windows closed.

In each room two sleeping figures are shown in bed and at the ordinary breathing intervals the exhaled breath is seen as it leaves their nostrils, just as we see our breath on a frosty morning. In the room with the closed windows and doors, the unventilated room, the air soon becomes so thick and foul that the figure in bed is hardly seen, whereas, in the room with open windows, the air keeps clear and fresh. The contrast in the air conditions of the closed room and the open room is so striking as to leave a lasting impression upon the mind of the observer. The remedy—the open window—is apparent to all.

The health authorities of the state realizing that there is no health issue paramount to that of promoting proper ventilation of all buildings and encouraging more of the outdoor life are devoting two booths to exhibits designed to impress this fact upon the public mind. Immediately adjoining the booth containing the breathing dolls is another in which numerous ingenious devices, cartoons and displays of outdoor sleeping apparatus will be found and demonstrated.

When one stops to consider that improper ventilation and foul air are chiefly responsible for the development of the two diseases, tuberculosis and pneumonia, which kill upwards of 20,000 citizens of this state every year, the need of popular instruction along these lines is at once apparent.

To Save the Babies.

In the child hygiene and infant welfare sections of the State Health Department's exhibit there will be much of great popular interest. First of all, there will be a mechanical device demonstrating the extremely high death rate prevailing among the infants in this state. As an endless procession of dolls pass in review one out of every five is struck down by "Death" and passes from sight. This represents the actual death rate of babies; it may be considered by some as gruesome; it must be admitted by all that the machine is not nearly as gruesome as is the fact.

Having impressed the needlessly high death rate of babies upon the mind, the department then proceeds to show parents, especially mothers, how this awful slaughter can be avoided. Demonstrations in baby feeding, bathing, dressing and sleeping will be given by nurses especially trained in baby care. Visitors are invited to seek advice.

The Deadly Fly in Action.

In an effort to teach the people of Illinois how to avoid the contagious diseases, the methods of their spreading will be shown in a very simple, yet forcible way.

Prominent among the mechanical devices employed for this purpose is one showing the filthy fly in action—its passage through the air from the sources of filth and infection to the food on the dining room table. Another attractive working model shows how shallow dug wells are polluted.

In this section also will be found microscopic demonstrations of germ life, the typhoid bacillus being shown in action.

For Farm and Small Town.

In the section devoted to matters of rural hygiene, the Illinois State Water Survey in co-operation with the State Board of Health, will show some practical solutions of farm and

ADMIRAL FLETCHER

Who Succeeds Badger In Com-
mand of the Atlantic Fleet.



THE BASE BALL SCORE

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

W. L. Pet.	W. L. Pet.
Bos. 77 55 .583	Phil. 65 71 .475
N. Y. 75 59 .560	Pitts. 62 72 .463
Chi. 72 65 .526	Brook. 60 74 .448
St. L. 71 64 .526	Cin. 56 78 .413

At Boston— R. H. E.
St. Louis 000 000 010 000—1 7 1
Boston 000 000 001 000 000—1 3 1

Called account of darkness.
Doak and Wingo; James and Gowdy.
At New York— R. H. E.
Cincinnati 011 000 000 00—2 2 1
New York 000 000 000 01—3 5 4

Schneider and Gonzales; O'Toole, Fromme and Meyers.
At Brooklyn— R. H. E.
Chicago 000 000 000 00—0 7 3
Brooklyn 000 000 011 00—2 8 0
Cheney and Archer; Atchison and McCarty.
At Philadelphia— R. H. E.
Pittsburgh 04 000 000 00—4 8 2
Philadelphia 03 000 021 0—6 12 6
Adams, Kanteleiner and Coleman; Marshall, Baumgartner, Oeschger, and Dooin and Burns.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

W. L. Pet.	W. L. Pet.
Phil. 89 47 .654	Chi. 64 72 .471
Bos. 81 53 .604	St. L. 61 74 .452
Det. 74 64 .536	N. Y. 61 76 .445
Wash. 70 63 .526	Clev. 43 94 .314

At Detroit— R. H. E.
Philadelphia 000 011 000 00—2 7 0
Detroit 000 000 000 00—3 4 2

Wyckoff, Shawkey and Lapp; Covel-
eskie and McKee.
At Chicago— R. H. E.
New York 000 000 023 000—5 8 0
Chicago 000 000 000 00—7 11 1

Cole, McHale and Sweeney; Rus-
sell, Cicotte and Kuhn.
At Cleveland— R. H. E.
Boston 100 000 110 01—4 11 0
Cleveland 000 000 000 00—3 10 2

Shore and Thomas; Steen, Coumbe
and Egan and O'Neill.
At St. Louis— R. H. E.
Washington 000 000 100 00—1 10 1
St. Louis 000 000 000 00—0 5 2

Johnson and Almsmith; Hoch and
Agnew.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

W. L. Pet.	W. L. Pet.
Ind. 77 59 .565	Brook. 67 65 .508
Chi. 76 60 .559	K. C. 62 72 .463
Bal. 71 61 .538	St. L. 58 77 .430
Ind. 69 63 .523	Pitts. 54 77 .412

At Pittsburgh— R. H. E.
Chicago 000 000 020 010—3 6 2
Pittsburgh 112 100 000—5 6 1

Lange, Prendergast and Wilson;
Cannitz and Berry.
At Brooklyn— R. H. E.
Indianapolis 001 111 101 0—5 12 2
Brooklyn 010 100 020 0—4 10 2

Kaiserling, Mudlin and Rariden;
Brown and Owens.
At Buffalo— R. H. E.
St. Louis 000 010 000 00—1 3 2
Buffalo 000 000 000 00—3 11 0

Davenport and Simon; Anderson
and Lavigne and Allen.
At Baltimore— R. H. E.
Kansas City 000 030 011—5 11 0
Baltimore 000 010 000 00—1 7 1

Packard and Easterly; Wilhelm,
Smith and Jacklitsch.

Distributed throughout the exhibit
will be numerous other educational
devices which will attract general pub-
lic attention, such as puzzles for pub-
lic solution, illusions, tests of skill,
etc.

The exhibit in its entirety is new
and original, all mechanical devices
and all special exhibit places having
been developed by the present Sec-
retary of the Illinois State Board of
Health. After being shown at the
State Fair it will be made part of a
traveling health exhibit for showing
in all parts of the state.

NELSON

Nelson, Sept. 17.—Mr. and Mrs.
Arthur Wareham and baby son of
Freeport visited Mr. and Mrs. W. M.
Phillips from Friday till Sunday even-
ing. The ladies are sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Hart and son
and Mrs. Clara Goodrich of Dixon
were Sunday visitors of Mr. and Mrs.
H. W. Phillips.

A. F. Brown who was until recently
day round-house foreman has
moved his family to Lacey City, Ia.,
where he has foremanship in the
round house.

Mrs. W. E. Gay and two daughters
and sister, Miss Laura Barnes of
Peoria stopped with friends in Nel-
son on their way to and from a vis-
it to Minnesota.

Mr. and Mrs. David Gebhardt will
move into the Phillips house and
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Murry will oc-
cupy the Pikel house.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Welker and
children, also Mrs. Gus Onken, Clar-
ence Welker and Mr. Burtfield, vis-
ited Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. How-
ard Sweitzer.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Janssen and
two daughters, also Mr. and Mrs.
Karl Janssen spent Sunday at the
home of Mr. and Mrs. August Beld
and family.

Phillips Brothers are having all
their barns and outbuildings painted
slate with white trimmings, present-
ing a very pleasing appearance.

Mrs. Garret Portenius and daugh-
ter Marie of Chicago were visitors at
the John Ortgiesen home Saturday
and Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. Harley Reed of
Southern, Indiana, are being enter-
tained by Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Reed.

F. L. Terwilliger and son George
have returned from Michigan much
pleased with the location and Mr.
Terwilliger has purchased a farm
and will move his family there by
Oct. 1. They will be greatly missed
from this community but if the cli-
mate will be of benefit to their
health their friends wish them good
luck and prosperity.

The Ladies Aid Society were pleas-
antly entertained at the hospitable
country home of Mrs. Charles Brown
on the Sterling-Dixon road Wednes-
day, Sept. 16. The meeting was well
attended.

A farewell party to our former
president, Mrs. F. L. Terwilliger,
was planned for Saturday evening
September 26, at the home of Mrs.
John Emmitt, the husbands of the
members to be our guests. An elabo-
rate supper has been planned. All
members and husbands invited with-
out further notice.

A baby daughter came to the home
of Mr. and Mrs. Will Janssen Wednes-
day, Sept. 16. All doing nicely.

AMBOY

Amboy, Sept. 18.—Mrs. George Al-
len of Dubuque is a guest of her moth-
er, Mrs. Lynch.

Misses Mary and Kate Monahan of
Clinton, Ill., spent Thursday in Am-
boy.

Warren Badger and daughter were
at the Lee county fair Thursday.

Miss Emma Burnham died at the
home of her brother, Abel Burnham,
Monday, Sept. 14, after an illness of
a few weeks. Funeral Tuesday after-
noon; interment at Prairie Repose
cemetery. Miss Burnham was a quiet,
home-loving woman who was much
beloved by all who knew her.

Miss Marie Simpson went to Roch-
elle Wednesday to enter Chandler
hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Amel Henry of West
Brooklyn attended the fair Tuesday.
Thursday was the banner day of
the fair, the attendance being great.

Our Fall Line Of

BEAUTIFUL BRASS BEDS

JUST ARRIVED

21-2 inch Square posts with 1-2 inch fillers and large
vases. Also 2 inch Round posts with 1 inches fillers
with large vases.

FINISH GUARANTEED—

Nothing will hurt finish except something that can
scratch it. Corner locks malleable iron rails reversible, any
spring made will fit.
Beds stand solid and perfectly upright.
Good casters.

G. J. REED

112 E. First St.

Dixon, Ill.

Go to TODD'S HAT
STORE. SEE THE

NEW HATS

LATEST BLOCKS. Elgin Shirts, Driving Gloves, Trunks, & Boys
Suits made to measure at

TODD'S HAT STORE

OPERA BLOCK

PHONE 2 5

Society Notes of Dixon and Vicinity

CALENDAR EVENTS FOR COMING WEEK

Monday.

O. E. S. Parlor Club—Masonic Hall
G. A. R.—G. A. R. Hall.

To Springfield.

E. W. Smith, Miss Ruth Smith and Mrs. Chas. Leake will leave Sunday for Springfield to attend the Fair. Chas. Leake will join the party later in the week. Enroute home Mr. Smith and Miss Ruth will visit in Peru.

Mission Band.

The Mission Band of the North Side church will hold a meeting at the church tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, which every member is urged to attend.

Camping at Grand Detour.

The Misses Marcia McWethy, Ada Brink, Maude Gitt, Lena Miller and Josephine Fish left today for Mrs. McMahan's cottage near Grand Detour where they will camp for the week. They have made preparations for a very pleasant outing.

G. A. R. Meeting.

The Dixon circle, No. 73, will meet in G. A. R. Hall Monday at 2:30 o'clock. The national delegate, Mary Cupp, will give her report of the National Encampment held at Detroit. All members are requested to be present.

Dancing Party.

The Artarm club gave their opening dancing party Thursday evening in their hall at Rock Falls. The hall was artistically decorated for the occasion. The party was attended by a large number of dancers. Music was furnished by Halveson's orchestra. The out of town guests were Misses Kalbaugh, Katherine Carley and Jennie Youngberg of this city.

Guests at Reynolds Home.

Miss Amy DeGossaldi, of Cambridge, Mass., and Mr. Douglass Pierce, Jr., of Indianapolis, Ind., are the guests of Miss Lucile Reynolds of Galena avenue. On Thursday the entire party with Mrs. H. G. Reynolds and Mrs. Douglas Harvey, motored out from Chicago in the Reynolds car.

Visiting in Jacksonville.

Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Kost left this morning for a visit with their son, Byron, at Jacksonville, Ill. They expect to attend the state fair at Springfield for a few days and will return next Thursday night.

Attended Fair.

S. C. Eastman of South Dixon and David Head of Erie, Ill., attended the Amboy fair on Thursday.

With Mrs. Harms.

Mrs. Paul Harms delightfully entertained the members of the Ladies' social circle of the Prairieville church at her home near Gap Grove on Thursday afternoon. Thirty-six ladies spent the afternoon at the pleasant Harms home, sewing and enjoying the time socially. Mrs. Harms serving a dainty luncheon. The circle will be entertained at an all-day meeting in two weeks at the home of Mrs. Fred Gilbert.

Attended Fair.

Misses Amanda Krug and Margaret Donald, Mrs. Anna Greisler and Mr. and Mrs. Casper Krug motored to the Amboy fair yesterday.

Beauty Shop

DIXON NATIONAL BANK BLDG
DIXON, ILL.

Shampooing, Manicuring,
Facial and Scalp Massage,
Hair work, Sidelocks Made
From Combings, Some Real
Bargains in 1st Quality Sidelocks

Buona Toilet Preparations
FLORENCE I. DUSTMAN

AYDELOTTE
treats human ills
humanely. Ayde-
lotte can help
you to enjoy life
HERE and NOW.

'Phone 160, for appointment
233 Crawford Av. Dixon

Fritch-Pinkney Wedding.

(At Colorado Springs, Miss Pinkney is a former Dixon girl).

A pretty wedding was solemnized by the Rev. Merle N. Smith Thursday evening at 8 o'clock when Miss Jennie Pinkney, daughter of Mrs. J. F. Sanford became the bride of Mr. Frank George Fritch of Chicago. The home at 430 North Water street was artistically decorated with pink and white sweet peas and southern smilax and in the parlor where the ring ceremony was performed was an improvised chancel of white with a large smilax arch above. In the arch was hung a bell from which an electric light, glowing and under which the bride and groom stood. Mrs. H. A. Hamilton sang "I Love Thee." She was accompanied on the piano by Miss Addie Hemenway. Miss Hemenway also played the wedding march. The bride was attended by Mrs. Clara A. Phillips and Mrs. Richard Knowlton, as matrons of honor, and by Miss Floyd Estill as bridesmaid. Mr. Harry Wood was best man. Of the six friends who formed the bridal party, five of them graduated from the local high school in the class of 1906. Mrs. Knowlton, sister of the bride, wore a gown of pink charmeuse with an over dress of lace and crystal and carried a bouquet of Cecil Brewer roses with foliage. Mrs. Phillips wore white satin and carried Maryland roses. Miss Estill's gown was a creation of flowered chiffon over pink pussy willow silk. She carried a bouquet of California roses. The bride was crowned in charmeuse with point lace. Her veil was caught in cap effect with a wreath of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of brides roses and lilies of the valley. Her only jewel was a lavalliere of diamonds and sapphires set in platinum, a gift of the bridegroom. About 60 relatives and intimate friends witnessed the ceremony. Immediately after the marriage lines had been read a short reception was held and soon after the company was served with refreshments. The dining room was festooned with southern smilax while sweet peas carried out the scheme of pink and white. The table in the library where the bride cake was cut was decorated with pink satin and lace and large bows of pink tulle. The cake was ornamented with a single large rose. Presiding at the urns were Mrs. L. A. Giddings and Mrs. C. A. Hibbard, and assisting were Miss Ruth Brown, Miss Ruth Beaty, Miss Evelyn Lennox and Miss Louise Kampf. Mrs. Fernando Sanford and Mrs. Jasper Sanford assisted the hostess. The out of town guests who attended the wedding were Mrs. F. H. Ohmer of Milwaukee, an aunt of the bridegroom; Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Gilbert of Dixon, Ill.; Mrs. Francis Blake of Chicago and Miss Grace Crawford of Dixon. Included among the many beautiful wedding gifts was a chest of flat silver. Mr. and Mrs. Fritch left Thursday evening for a stay of two weeks in Denver, when they will go to Chicago, where they will be at home at 1214 Rosemont avenue.

At Dinner.

Misses Florence and Erma Drew entertained a few friends at a six o'clock dinner last evening for their brother, Harold Drew, who leaves today for Champaign, Ill., to attend school. The affair was also in honor of the birthday anniversaries of several members of the family and of one of their guests. The evening was a very delightful one throughout and the Misses Drew proved themselves the most efficient and charming of hostesses.

Surprise Party.

On Thursday afternoon about 15 little people called on Miss Constance Miller and spent the time from 4:30 until 6 o'clock with her. They were very much elated over the fact that the surprise was a success and had a very pleasant time, playing games. After a dainty luncheon the guests made Miss Constance very happy by presenting her with many pretty gifts, representing their love for her and also extending their wishes for many more such parties for their charming hostess.

House Warming.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Miller will entertain a large number of their friends this evening at their home near Prairieville. The affair is to be in the nature of a house warming. Mr. and Mrs. Miller having recently moved into their charming new home. A large number of people have received invitations to be present at the event, which promises to be very pleasant.

Col. Frank Bacon of Oregon and Everett Bacon of Rochelle were here today.

At Filson Home.

Mr. and Mrs. William Filson entertained at their home on Thursday evening. Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Newcomer and daughter Miss Orlena and Mr. and Mrs. Blake Grover and son Donald. The merry party enjoyed a scramble supper and a most delightful evening together.

A Farewell Party.

Members of the Ladies Aid society of the Nelson church are planning for a big time on Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Emmitt near Nelson, the affair to be given as a farewell for Mrs. Terwilliger, former president of the Aid, who with her family will leave the latter part of this month for Michigan, where they have purchased a farm. Members of the Aid and their husbands are to be guests and a delightful time is anticipated. An elaborate supper is being planned.

Here from Minneapolis.

Eustace Orvis of Minneapolis, Minn., will spend Sunday with his aunt, Mrs. A. K. Trusdell.

St. Ann's Guild.

Fourteen members of St. Ann's Guild greatly enjoyed a picnic dinner at Lowell Park Friday.

Luncheon.

Mrs. S. D. Eastwood and Addie Bovey entertained Polo friends today with a luncheon at their Assembly Park cottage.

Here from Chicago.

Miss Mary Loy of Chicago is visiting at the home of Miss Mary Marr in this city.

Motored to Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. George Stainbrook and Charles Mulkins motored to the fair at Amboy yesterday and spent a very pleasant day.

For Mrs. Wood.

Mrs. A. W. Goodrich entertained a company of ladies Thursday with a 5 o'clock tea. The function was in honor of Mrs. W. M. Wood of Mobile, Ala.

Visited Here.

James Reardon of Waukegan, Ill., spent the evening in this city yesterday as the guest of L. M. McGurk.

To Spend Sunday Here.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Talty and son Burton of Sterling will spend the day tomorrow at the Phil Woolver home in this city.

At Nachusa Tavern.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rosbrook and Mrs. Curtis Clark took dinner at the Nachusa Tavern last evening.

At the Tavern.

Banker Stocking and family of Rochelle were dinner guests at the Nachusa Tavern Friday.

Taking Vacation.

Miss Anna Winkler, nurse at the Dixon hospital is spending a three weeks' vacation with her mother in Sterling. Today in company with her sister, Miss Kathryn, who is also taking her vacation, she will leave for Chicago for a week or ten days' visit with friends.

Country Club.

Atty. and Mrs. John Crabtree and Dr. and Mrs. Z. W. Moss took luncheon Friday at the Sterling Country Club.

Rush-Jacobs.

Justice of the Peace John Crabtree performed the ceremony that united Miss Hazel Ruth Rush and Jake George Jacobs of Bradford township this afternoon at the court house. The parties are prominent young people of Bradford. The couple were unattended.

LENNON QUILTS NEWSPAPER

Paul A. Lennon, who until recently has been engaged in the newspaper field in Dixon, has resigned his position and accepted a position with Downing & Fruin, with whom he will start next Monday morning. Mr. Lennon is a popular young man of known ability and his many friends have confidence of his success in the insurance field.

AN OVERBURDENED WIFE.

If the work that women do and the pains they suffer could be measured in figures, what a terrible array they would present! Through girlhood, wifehood and motherhood woman toils on, often suffering with backache, pains in side, headaches and nervousness which are tell-tale symptoms of organic derangements which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—made from roots and herbs—can undoubtedly correct. Women who suffer should not give up hope until they have given it a trial.

Tom Lyons was here from Amboy today.

MAYOR ORDERED POLES CUT DOWN

GENOA EXECUTIVE TOOK DRAS-
TIC ACTION AGAINST THE
PHONE COMPANY.

Genoa, Sept. 18.—Workmen under the direction of the mayor cut down six telephone poles belonging to the DeKalb County Telephone company along the main street of Genoa. Today the town is practically without telephone communication. One toll line is intact and part of the local lines are in service.

Before the gang of workmen could cut down more of the forty poles on the main street an injunction was served on the city restraining the officials from interfering further with the lines.

The drastic action of the mayor came after the company had given in a time limit until Sept. 15 to remove the poles from the street. The company did not comply with the order and the mayor went out at the head of a gang to remove the poles. The six poles were chopped down and the cables cut while the officials of the company were rushing through an injunction.

The trouble arose over an order of the city council that all telephone and electric light poles should be put into the alleys. The telephone and Illinois Northern Utilities companies were slow in complying with the order but finally the Utilities company yielded and put their poles in the alleys. The telephone company refused to take action, with the result that the city authorities raided the poles and cut part of them down, but were prevented from demolishing the rest of them by an injunction.

The matter has been taken up with the state utilities commission with the hope of a final and definite adjustment.

A gang of telephone men attempted today to replace the poles cut down by the city officials and Mayor Hoover ordered their arrest. Half a dozen men were put in jail.

CAPTURE TWO JEWEL THEIVES

Momence, Ill., Sept. 19.—Two of the five men who are alleged to have robbed Mrs. Nellie Clark at Kankakee, securing \$50,000 worth of jewelry, have been captured in a corn field near here. They had eight rings in their possession.

FEDERAL BOARD APPROVE PLANS

(Associated Press)
Washington, D. C., Sept. 19.—The Federal Reserve Board today approved the bankers' plan for a gold fund of \$400,000,000 to meet American obligations in Europe.

STEAMER REPORTED SUNK.

Astoria, Oregon, Sept. 19.—The steamer Franck Leggett, carrying 35 passengers and a crew of 25 is reported to have sunk sixty miles south of the Columbia river. The extent of the loss of life is unknown.

W. S. LESLIE STORE TO HAVE BARGAIN BASEMENT

As a special inducement for the opening of the new store the basement this evening of the W. S. Leslie Dry Goods store, 414 yards of calico will be offered this evening from 7 to 10 o'clock at 4 1/2 cents a yard and one hundred yards of blue and white apron gingham checks at 4 1/2 cents. In the new economy basement bargains of all descriptions will be offered at prices that will astonish the shopper.

IS ILL.

Little Anna Amberg, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Amberg is on the sick list.

FRACTURED ARM.

Mrs. Laura Avey, mother of Mrs. H. C. Rose of this city fell Thursday afternoon while walking and fractured her right arm. She was taken to the hospital this morning for treatment.

HELPS RED CROSS FUND.

The German society forwarded yesterday to the Red Cross Society \$75.75, the proceeds of the entertainment given by them recently. The money will be used for general Red Cross relief work.

PRINCESS THEATRE TO HAVE FOUR REELS

Commencing Monday the Princess theatre will run four reels of pictures and will reduce the price to five cents. On Thursday night, when the regular installment of the Million Dollar Mystery and the Mutual Girl will be shown, the price will be ten cents. Manager Slothower, the proprietor, has just returned from Chicago, where he has made arrangements for the booking for all the latest in moving pictures.

DEADLOCK IN BATTLE SITUATION

(Continued from page 1)

ticer, made prisoner by the French said that his regiment left for the front with 60 officers but that there were now but five officers left.

GERMANS CLAIM MANY SUCCESSSES.

A report from the German army headquarters, made public at Berlin today, announces German and Austrian successes in all theaters of war.

In France it is declared a decisive attack is being made north of the town of Noyon, that Beaumont has been stormed and that 2,500 French have been captured, while counter attacks of the allies along the entire battle front had been repulsed easily.

Many Serbs Drowned.

According to the German report the Germans are continuing their advance against the Russians in the east, and it is said the Serbians have been repulsed by the Austrians, and many Serbs were drowned while crossing the River Sava.

Form New Line.

Vienna reports officially that the Germans and Austrians have formed a new line of defense in Galicia and are awaiting the Russian attack on Przemyśl.

Germans Entrenched.

It was officially announced in Paris this afternoon that the Germans are retrenching strongly on the River Aisne with reinforcements from Lorraine.

Capture R. R. Station.

Tokio announces that Japanese cavalry on Sept. 17, captured the Kiao Chow station of the German owned Shantung railway and made the president of the road a prisoner.

Airships Over Paris.

Berlin says that German aeroplanes are again over Paris.

Two Cities Evacuated.

Antwerp dispatches say that Termonde and Londerzeel have been evacuated by the Germans.

A Philadelphia report says the Spanish government has entered the American market for the immediate delivery of upwards of ten million dollars' worth of ordnance and machinery. It is believed that the Madrid officials contemplate the preparation of war material and the building of powerful fortifications.

Paris, Sept. 19.—The nations are deadlocked north of the River Aisne after the most terrific artillery duel of the centuries.

Sheer exhaustion and frightful losses have checked assaults and counter assaults all along the battle line from north of Noyon to Etain. The armies of Germans and allies, after incessant fighting for six days and six nights, are seeking rest and repairing losses.

Advantage With Allies.

Whatever of advantage has been gained along the Aisne in the past twenty-four hours rests with the allies, but the successes have been in decisive and the Germans are massing again for a stronger attack than ever against the French center.

On the west of the battle line, the English and French have forced the army of Von Kluck to give way in places. The German center, now very powerful, was thrown back three times in its attempt to recapture Rheims and break the French center. On the east of the main line of battle, at Montfermeil, the Germans are standing rigidly.

The French people, awaiting with calmness a decisive outcome, accept the moderate statement of the government that the situation of the allies is favorable.

French Official Statement.

The official communication, issued at 11:05 p. m. was as follows: "There is no change in the general situation except that we have continued to advance on our left wing and that the battle generally has calmed down a bit."

A little more detail was published by the government in the communiqué of the afternoon which was issued at 2:11 p. m. This was: "The battle continued during the day of Sept. 17 along the front from the River Oise to the Woëvre, without important changes in the situation at any point."

"1.—On our left wing, on the heights to the north of the River Aisne, we have made slight progress against certain points. Three offensive counter attacks undertaken by the Germans against the English army failed. From Craonne to Rheims we ourselves repulsed some violent counter attacks executed during the night. The enemy tried in vain to take the offensive against Rheims."

German Center Reinforced.

"2.—On the center, from Rheims to the Argonne, the enemy has reinforced himself by constructing important fortifications and has adopted a purely defensive attitude. To the east of the Argonne, in the Woëvre district, the situation is unchanged."

On our right wing, in Lorraine and the Vosges, the enemy occupies positions organized on a defensive

basis in the vicinity of the frontier."

German Onslaughts Fail.

Paris, Sept. 19.—German troops have failed in successive onslaughts to break the lines of the French and British on the center and the western end of the battle line of 150 miles. The crown prince on the east of the forests of the Argonne, has hastily constructed earthworks to hold off the French engaged in surrounding his troops. The German center army was decisively defeated in a determined night attack to retake the city of Rheims for occupation as a center in offensive operations.

Allies Advancing, Says Joffre.

Bordeaux, Sept. 19.—The southern most position held by the Germans is just north of Chalons, where their line, extending from Noyon to Montfaucon, forms an obtuse angle. Here very strong entrenchments have been made with covered works, parallel trenches and outworks.

The brunt of the French frontal attack being thrown against this point and the care the Germans have taken in fortifying accounts for the slow progress by the French offensive.

General Joffre has sent to the ministry of war the following telegram: "The Anglo-French army is making satisfactory progress in its offensive operations. The enemy's right has now receded beyond the Oise near Noyon. He has fortified his line from Berry-au-Bac, southeast of Laon, to the Argonne and between the Argonne and the Meuse around Montfaucon. The actions east of Verdun, between Etain and Thiaucourt, are unimportant."

London, Sept. 19.—A great battle is being fought along the San river, southwest of Przemyśl and fifty miles west of Lemberg.

Upon the outcome of this battle depends Russia's ability to carry the war into Silesia. A great Russian army under the victorious generals Ruzsky and Brusiloff are endeavoring to complete earlier triumphs against General Von Auffenberg and Dankl and the Austrian crown prince.

The Austrians by one of the most desperate retreats in history have been able to preserve the remains of forces battered at Lemberg and Tomaszow and concentrated along the San, are making a final stand against the Russians. Reports from Russian, Austrian and German sources, together with dispatches from Rome, indicate that the Austrian armies are again at bay.

Directed by Germans.

Their tactics are being directed by strategists of the German general staff, hurriedly sent to Galicia after most pressing appeals from Vienna. The lines of defense around Przemyśl have been arranged by the Germans who have assumed responsibility for the Austrian defense. There is news that several German army corps have been united with the battered Austrian armies and that the situation, from the German-Austrian standpoint, is more hopeful.

From Vienna comes the assertion that the situation is critical but that the Austrian armies have been heavily reinforced and are now maintaining a strong defensive.

Confidence is expressed that Von Auffenberg and Dankl will be able to delay the Russian advance until the Germans are able to divert huge reinforcements to the help of Austria.

St. Petersburg reports on the other end that the end of the campaign is in sight and that the Austrians, decimated by the demoralized retreat from Lemberg and Tomaszow are in no condition to essay a pitched battle.

New Russ Army Advancing.

Paris expects almost hourly news of the advance of the great central Russian army of 900,000 under the command of the Russian commander in chief, the Grand Duke Nicholas. This army is operating in Russian Poland and is supposed to be advancing toward the German frontier.

There is little news of a definite nature from East Prussia, where General Von Hindenburg, the German commander, is holding General Rennenkampf, the Russian commander, at bay. Von Hindenburg having won a victory at Allenstein, has been endeavoring to follow up his successes, but from Berlin it is admitted that Rennenkampf has evaded the new trap and has withdrawn in good order, preserving artillery and supply trains. Rennenkampf's army is now entrenched along the Russian frontier.

Train Hits Minister's Auto.

Lafayette, Ind., Sept. 19.—West-bound passenger train No. 1 on the Lake Erie & Western railroad wrecked an automobile at Hoopston, Ill., west of Lafayette and slightly injured the occupants of the car, the Rev. W. L. Ewing, his ten-year-old baby and Gladys Jeremiah, Edith Buffum and Mary Buffum. The children were members of the Methodist Sunday school and the minister had them out for a ride.

Three Hundred Miners Strike.

Nokomis, Ill., Sept. 19.—Three hundred miners employed in the Peabody mines went out on strike following several days' argument with the company in an effort to have a pit committee and the district union president of the union recognized. The miners say this demand was in their agreement and they will not return until the company recognizes these officials.

C. & A. Changes Department Officers.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 19.—Official announcement was made by the Chicago & Alton railroad of the appointment of E. J. Naylor as general agent, traffic department, in charge of freight and passenger traffic in Peoria district, and also of the appointment of Frank Carnahan as commercial agent.

To o Late To Classify

WANTED. Man to shock corn. Tel. A. 5. 220 3*

WANTED. Girl. Dixon Steam Laundry. 220 3

THREE PARTIES HOLD STATE CONVENTIONS

Sullivan and Deneen Control
Democrats and G. O. P.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 19.—At the Democratic state convention held here a platform was adopted indorsing the initiative and referendum with a provision that no part of state be discriminated against, pledges the party to a constitutional convention or a removal of the limitation in the present constitution which provides for submission of but one amendment at a time; indorses civil service reform and reappointment of the state and suggests that woman suffrage be referred to constitutional convention. It also indorses state supervision of private banks. Governor Dunne presided.

The convention indorsed President Wilson for a second term.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 19.—At the Illinois Republican convention the organization was controlled by former Governor Deneen's faction of the party. Garrett D. Kinney of Peoria was picked for chairman and C. J. Doyle of Greenfield was re-elected secretary. Dr. J. T. Montgomery of Mattoon defeated Arthur Meeker of Chicago for university trustee. Mrs. Laura B. Evans of Taylorville and A. P. Stout of Winchester, were also nominated. A resolution indorsing the national committee recommendation to cut down southern representation was adopted by acclamation.

The platform criticizes all the acts of the Wilson administration.

Champaign, Ill., Sept. 19.—The Progressives in their state convention criticized the Democratic national administration, the Republican state organization and particularly denounced the nomination of Roger C. Sullivan by the Democrats for U. S. senator.

Full woman's suffrage, the initiative and referendum, the short ballot, and criticism of the Democratic administration in the state were among the issues set forth. National legislation on child labor, a non-partisan tariff commission and a federal employment bureau also are urged.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Members of the Roman Catholic clergy appealed to the president and to the state department on behalf of about 400 Catholic priests and nuns who have taken refuge in Vera Cruz.

The refugees are greatly alarmed for their own safety if they remain in Vera Cruz after the evacuation of that port by the United States forces and desire the United States either to provide them with transportation out of Mexico or guarantee their safety if they remain.

LICENSED TO WED

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SEPTEMBER 10 1914

REPUBLICAN TICKET

United States Senator LAWRENCE Y. SHERMAN	F. A. BREWER County Judge
State Treasurer ANDREW RUSSEL	JOHN B. CRABTREE
Superintendent of Public Instruction FRANCIS G. BLAIR	County Clerk FRED G. DIMICK
Congress JOHN C. MCKENZIE	County Treasurer JOHN E. MOYER
Clerk of Appellate Court CHRISTOPHER C. DUFFY	For Sheriff R. R. PHILLIPS
State Senator ADAM C. CLIFFE	County Superintendent of Schools L. W. MILLER
Representative at Springfield WILLIAM L. LEECH	County Surveyor FRED W. LEAKE

WHAT ILLINOIS WOMEN MAY VOTE FOR.

The Telegraph has been asked to print a list of the offices that the women of Illinois may vote for. In the coming election November 3rd, women may vote for:

Clerk of Appellate Court,
Sanitary Trustees.

Other offices that they may nominate and vote for at various elections are given below. The women of Dixon, which is under the commission form of government, will note that they do not vote on city clerk or city treasurer, as the commissioners, who form the members of the city council, and for whom they can vote, appoint the clerk and treasurer. Dixon has no municipal court, although many cities have:

Women May Nominate and Vote for the Following Offices:

In the United States:

Presidential Electors.

In the State:

Board of equalization—who levy certain taxes and equalize the rest.
Trustees of State University,
Clerk of Appellate Court,
Sanitary District Trustees.

In the County:

Members of Board of Assessors,
Members of Board of Review,
School District Officers,
Supervisors,
Town Clerk,
Collector,
Surveyor,
Highway Commissioner.

In Cities, Villages, Towns:

Mayor,
Members of City Council,
City Clerk,
City Treasurer,
Municipal Court Judges,
Members of School Board, where Mayor does not appoint.

And upon all Questions submitted to a vote of the electors of the city or political division of the state.

Elections.

City and school elections every year in April. County and State elections every two years in November. Special elections may be called at other times.

How Women Vote.

They vote exactly as men do, except they have separate ballots and ballot boxes.

A Woman Is An American Citizen.

If she was born on American soil.
If her father was a citizen before she was twenty-one years of age.
If her husband is a citizen, or
If she has been naturalized.

An unmarried woman eighteen years of age may file her "Declaration of Intentions," or "First Papers," in a United States District Court, in a County Circuit Court, or in a Superior Court. This must be done at least two years before applying for second papers, but is void if not taken up within seven years. Full citizenship is secured through Second Papers.

May Women Hold Offices?

Women may hold all offices named in the list for which they may vote, and certain other offices, for which sex has not been made a qualification.

THIS IS A GOOD PLACE TO BE.

Are you glad you are a Yankee with your rights protected and your freedom unhampered, or would you rather be back in the old country following the exciting but dangerous occupation of furnishing a target for the bullets of the enemy for the magnificent wage of four or five dollars a month and a square meal once a week at least, if you are lucky? The spreading wings and protecting talons of the old bald-headed Eagle must look pretty good to the men and women who have come from over there and have taken out their citizenship papers.

CRITICIZE THE PRIMARY

Papers throughout the state are beginning to comment on "The Guessing Contest," as they term the primary and one says that a good old-fashioned state convention with delegates from every county in the state and everything properly safeguarded to insure a square deal for all would look pretty good. One thing is certain. The ballots must be made shorter if the primary is to be a success.

Abe Martin makes the pointed observation that "It's gittin' so if we don't get killed on Sunday we're purty safe fer th' rest o' th' week."

After Us

By WALT MASON

The workman, in my new abode, now spreads the luscious plaster, he hums a blithe and cheerful ode, and labors fast and faster. I stand and watch him as he works, I stand and watch and ponder; I mark how skillfully he jerks the plaster here and yonder. "This plaster will be here," he cries, "unbroken and unshredded, when you sing anthems in the skies—if that's where you are headed." How good to feel, as on we strive, in this bright world enchanted, that what we do will be alive when we are dead and planted! For this the poet racks his brain (and not for coin or rubies) until he finds he's gone insane and has to join the boobies. For this the painter plies his brush and spreads his yellow ochre, to find, when comes life's twilight hush, that Fame's an artful joker. For this the singer sprains his throat, and burns the midnight candle, and tries to reach a higher note than Ellen Yaw could handle. For this the actor rants and barks, the poor old welkin stabbin', and takes the part of Lawyer Marks in Uncle Tommy's Cabin. Alas, my labors will not last! In vain my rhythmic rages! I cannot make my plaster plast so it will stick for ages!



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George Matthew Adams
Walt Mason

CURRENT COMMENT

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE MAN BEHIND THE GUN.

Decatur Herald: While the infantry continues to be the most effective instrument in modern warfare the artillery holds a more important place in this war than any in the past. A well directed charge of shrapnel can mow down an entire company. A carefully aimed shot can put a battery three miles away out of commission.

A few shots go astray; hence the terrible death roll. The French gave to the world the principle of indirect fire. Its advantages in naval warfare were quickly appreciated. For long range work it is not used altogether on land.

The old time gunner sighted along the barrel. The modern gunner merely handles shells, twists levers and turns a crank. His aiming is done for him by a man peering through glasses from the branch of a neighboring tree, and making mathematical calculations, the results of which are communicated to the gunner by a field telephone.

A roar and a flash and a missel of death speeds on its way. The telephone rings and a hit or a miss is recorded. But the man behind the gun sees no explosion and witnesses no destruction. He is only a human ammunition hoist. Gunnery is a question of determining angles, thus more romance has gone out of war.

"HATING" NATIONS.

Kansas City Star: Men talk of disliking or "hating" whole nations. They "have no use for" the French or the Germans, or Russians or English. If you have had the fortune to get acquainted with person of different nationalities you have found them fine and delightful. Occasionally you may have come on a disagreeable one. Every nation, even your own, has such. But the chances are that your foreign acquaintance is sincere, honest sympathetic and a good fellow.

The man on the other side of the ocean wouldn't be so different if you only knew him. The trouble is that you don't. You lump a lot of disagreeable qualities together and label them by some national name, and then denounce the nation.

You may not like certain governmental policies abroad. You may properly object to illiberal or reactionary traits in men in control. But it holds true today as it did in the time of Edmund Burke, that it is impossible to draw an indictment against a whole people.

THE RUSSIAN ADVANCE.

Brooklyn Eagle: Anglo-Saxondom has never taken "the bear that walks like a man" too seriously, even when the Petersburg of great Russian successes on German soil, looking to a "forced march on Berlin," will be discounted as much by Englishmen as by Americans. When it comes to diplomatic or official lying the Russians have few equals and no superiors.

In the Napoleonic wars, 100 years ago, though the English and the Russians were joined in attack on the Corsican, the quizzical view of Russian military methods prevailed in the British islands. Southey, poet laureate, expressed it in his lines on the march to Moscow:

"There was Tormazow and Jemalow;
And all the others that end in 'ow';
Milardovich and Jalaovitch,
And all the others that end in
"itch."
Osharoffsky and Rostoffsky,
And all the others that end in
"offsky"
And Platoff he played them off,

CITY IN BRIEF

—Will the lady who say boys kicking a package, containing a lady's soft felt hat, about the streets Tuesday, Sept. 15, please confer with this office, or phone 525.

Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Brenner of Polo spent the day in Dixon.

Wm. Bardwell will go to Springfield, Ill., tomorrow for a visit at the home of R. F. Butts.

—If you want a large, light office room, with hardwood floor, nice hardwood work, running water and electric lights, call No. 5. They are in the Telegraph Building.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Noble and Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Fuller and children enjoyed a picnic supper at Lowell park last evening.

Mrs. Dan Wolf 13 Sept 15
Mrs. Frank Rosbrook and sister, Mrs. Curtis Clark, left for Pittsburgh, Pa. Mrs. Rosbrook will visit in the east for a few weeks.

L. A. Wise has returned from DeKalb, where he has been in the employ of the I. N. U. Co.

Max Rosenthal has returned from Chicago.

Miss Mary Wynn went to Chicago today.

Miss Holland, R. N., of Chicago, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Louise Horton.

Mrs. Edward Yockey has returned to her home in Milwaukee, after a visit in this city. She was accompanied by her sister Miss Bess Gannon who will visit there for some time.

Mrs. S. W. Uhl left today for her home in St. Louis after a visit at the home of Commissioner M. J. Gannon.

Henry D. Boardman, wife and child of Cincinnati, are visiting his sister, Mrs. E. E. Wingert.

Harold Woodyatt returned today to Champaign to resume his course at the University.

Miss Agnes Conley attended the fair Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Graebing and family are spending the day in Polo.

And Shouvaloff he shoved 'em off;
And Markoff he marked 'em off;
And Krosnoff he crossed 'em off;
And Tuckoff he touched 'em off;
And Boroskoff he bored 'em off;
And Parenzoff he pared 'em off;
And Kutusoff he cut 'em off;
And Worrzonoff he worried 'em off;
And Doctoroff he doctored 'em off;
And Rodinonoff he flogged 'em off;
And, last of all, an admiral came,
A terrible man with a terrible name;
A name which you all know by sight
very well,
But which no one can speak and no one can spell.

Such are the horrors East Prussia and the armies of the kaiser must confront as manfully as they can. What Russia did to the great Napoleon in her own territory she may seek to do to the kaiser in his eastern provinces. A new terror would be lent to war if these names were photographed to be thundered off by talking machines in the advance line. But the world will remember that the Germans are not Frenchmen, and that the Shouvaloff who tries to shovel 'em off their own country will have his hands full.

What is probably true is that the thousand mile line between Russia and her German and Austria enemies has been pierced at several points, that many minor towns have been captured, and that nevertheless, the first real defense of Germany has not been reached. That the menace of the Russian's overwhelming numbers is serious may not be doubted. We do not believe that it has been underestimated by the German strategists.

More and More Dresses! Arrive Daily



EVERYONE KNOWS HOW
BEAUTIFUL THE STYLES
ARE THIS YEAR and OURS
ARE AMONG THE PRETTIEST
TO BE FOUND.

The styles include basque dresses, college dresses, etc., in fine men's wear serge, serge and satin combinations.

The colors are navy blue, black, nigger brown, russian green and buckeye brown.

Prices range from \$6.95 to \$25.00

A. L. GEISENHEIMER CO.
DIXON, ILLINOIS



Dramatic Notes

FAMILY THEATRE.

The troupe of Royal Russian singers and dancers now playing at the above theatre have proven to be a decided success in that the attraction is new and the members talented. The company appears in native costumes, sing the Russian songs, play the instruments and give the dances of their country. In contrast to this act, Franks & Walters appear in a classy little sketch and sing the popular songs and do the latest dances of the day. Their act is exceptionally pleasing.

Pictures tonight are The Condemning Hand; Slippery Slim, and Somebody's Sister.

PRINCESS THEATRE.

Commencing Monday night the Princess theatre will show four reels of the better class of moving pictures for five cents. Next week Manager Slothower has some of the best features and programs booked that he could possibly get for the beginning of this new venture. The program for Monday is:

"When America Was Young" is the story of a pioneer trapper who discourages his little daughter's friendship with a neighboring boy and one day the boy saves the little girl's life by protecting her from Indians that have gone on the warpath. This is a fine Broncho drama. The other feature is entitled "In the Nick of Time" and is a story of a young train dispatcher who takes to drink and loses his job. He goes west and reforms. By his knowledge of telegraphy he saves the railroad a terrible wreck which would have happened only for his knowledge and regains his old job again.

SUPREME COURT IS CALLED EARLIER

WOMAN SUFFRAGE AND M. W. A. INJUNCTION MOST IMPORTANT CASES.

Springfield, Sept. 19.—The October term of the Illinois supreme court, which will deal with a number of important cases, including one touching on the legality of the Illinois woman suffrage act, will begin a week earlier, as the justices wish to conclude the work in time to allow them to attend the sessions of the American Bar association.

The call of the docket will take place Oct. 7, which will enable the court to adjourn Oct. 20. Among the important cases to be decided are the following:

Scown vs. Czarniecki, on rehearing the constitutionality of the woman suffrage law, which at the last session of the court was held valid, three justices, however, dissenting; Wallace vs. Modern Woodmen of America, seeking to restrain officers of the order from enforcing the new insurance rate.

Mrs. J. E. Drew has returned from a two months' visit in Chicago and will remain here for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Herrick of Polo attended the Family theatre Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Anderson of Polo motored here last evening and attended the theatre.

PUBLIC MUST BE EDUCATED

Continued from Page 1

provide the kind of remedy and to adopt the kind of attitude that I advocate, and that all of who feel as I do, are endeavoring to bring home to the national conscience and to the national understanding. In the case of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company we are absolute negation of the principle of industrial democracy."

Colonel Roosevelt declared the men responsible for the management of the company insist on their selfish and autocratic rights to manage the business as they deem best, and that it had been conducted exclusively for their profit without regard to the rights of the public or the wage workers.

Referring to the violence accompanying the strike "certainly on the part of the employees and probably on the part of the agents of the employer," he declared:

"Such lawlessness and brutal violence must be put down by the strong hand of the law and obedience to the law must be exacted not as a favor but as a right.

"Everyone should belong to the party of law and order. But there can be no permanent reign of law and order unless it is based on results on the reign of justice. It is the duty of the state, the duty of the government to put down rioting, lawlessness and violence, whether by the strikers, or agents of the corporations.

"The testimony taken before the congressional committee shows that the managers and stockholders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company have not the slightest sense of their real obligations to their employees and to the community at large. This testimony shows as clearly as the exposures in connection with the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad the folly and worse than folly of those who believe that there must be no over-seeing—or as our enemies call it—no 'policing' of big industries, or big business, by the government.

"When employers show themselves as callous to public needs, as short-sighted and as greedy of their own profit without regard to the welfare of the wage-worker or of the people at large, as has been the case in the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, and the New York, New

Haven and Hartford railway company; it is essential that the people of the country shall be able through the exercise of their collective power to remedy the wrong-doing."

The colonel said he believed in the full recognition of the corporation as well as the trade union, but did not believe in imposing responsibility upon unions in such a way as to cause them to lose the power they have."

"I do not believe," he said "in trading power for responsibility, or if that form of word seems objectionable, then to insist that with the growth of power there shall go hand in hand growth of responsibility, so that, for example the union that has the right to elect some of the directors in a corporations (and I earnestly wish that such provisions for the election of directors could be brought about), or a union that has some power in connection with shop discipline, must accept responsibilities to the government, to the capitalists, and to the public at large. We ought not to be content with any other solution which leaves labor all on one side and capital on the other."

The colonel emphasized his belief that every wise employer or corporation should recognize the right of men working for wages to bargain collectively, whenever and so far as they desire, and in the form which they desire.

"I believe no less emphatically in the right of a non-union man to work side by side with a union," he said. "I will no more stand for tyranny by labor men than for tyranny against a labor union. But the so-called open shop in which there is discrimination against union men, is one of the most vicious types of closed shops.

"We must turn the laborer into a capitalist, giving him a share in the profits, and management of the industry. We must give, not nominally but genuinely, the wage-worker the same right to combine which business men obtain through corporations."

Col. Roosevelt, in touching on the tariff question, referring to the German tariff commission as a "real non-partisan business commission of continuing action concerned in business-like fashion with the welfare of the wage worker and of the farmer no less than of the business man." He asserted that it was "a reflection upon the good sense and ability of our political leaders that they do not put through such a program."

A LUXURY

A lot of people consider a checking account as a luxury. As a matter of fact it is a NECESSITY; but consider it as you may, this bank certainly puts the convenience of a checking account within the reach of all.

\$1.00 Opens an Account.

We want your business,
be it large or small.

UNION STATE BANK

"The Bank of The People"

GALVINS WILL OPEN SEASON IN DIXON

FIRST PERFORMANCE TO BE GIVEN IN THIS CITY ON SEPTEMBER 21.

Jas. A. Galvin, who with his family has been spending the summer at the Assembly Park contemplates the launching of three musical comedy productions this season. The first to go out will be the "Two Masqueraders," which is now in rehearsal, the opening performance taking place Thursday, Sept. 24, at the Family theater.

The Galvin family have made numerous friends among the residents of Dixon during their vacation and it is expected that the capacity of the Family will be tested to the utmost when this well known family of Theaters open their season here. Dixon theatergoers are getting a rare treat when they have a chance to witness this production as the show goes from here direct to the big vaudeville time in the cities of the middle west and east. A small army of seamstresses have been working for the last three weeks getting the wardrobe made, which, by the way, will rival any of the \$2.00 shows that may play here later in the season. All special scenery and electrical effects are used, making this the \$10,000 production of tabloid.

JEWISH PEOPLE WILL CELEBRATE HOLIDAYS

SEVERAL ANNIVERSARIES IN COMMEMORATION OF THEIR NEW YEAR.

Starting Monday the Jewish people will celebrate several of their holidays. Monday and Tuesday are the Rosh Hashanah or New Year days and on the next day, Sept. 23, is the fast of Guedayah. On Sept. 30 comes Yom Kippur, which day is the most important event of the period. On this day the local Jewish people close their business houses and perform the ceremonies appropriate to the occasion.

The Jewish day starts at 6 p. m. The celebration of Yom Kippur starts at 6 p. m. Tuesday, Sept. 30 and continues until the same time Wednesday. A large feast is partaken of just before the close of the previous day and fasting is done until after the close of the day.

In the larger cities where there are greater numbers of Jewish people the entire holiday period is observed in an orthodox manner.

MEETING AT CITY HALL.
The Dixon Commercial club will hold a meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30 at the city hall.

Call Home phone 666 for Dr. Stanley, the foot specialist.

COUTY LIFE WAS CONFERENCE SUBJECT

Continued from Page 1.

of idle churches in the country increased and sought a reason for these conditions. He stated that he never deplored the fall of religion or that it would become extinct, but believed in the general advancement of the work.

Farm Co-operation.
A feature of the conference was the address in the morning by B. C. Hiff on farm co-operation. In his address he paid particular attention to dairying, probably due to the fact that he is the dairy commissioner of the state of Iowa. In his talk he spoke of the practical results of co-operation in dairying and from this he went into other lines, which seemed to bring out the points that were desired by the leaders of the conference. From co-operation of dairying, or how to organize co-operative creameries, lead to discussion to the plans for the development of the community center in rural districts, the consolidated school, teaching practical problems for the farm and keeping the boy and the girl on the farm.

The general thought was advanced that the consolidated school should be managed entirely by the farmers, that it was the farmers' business, and as the community advanced the things necessary for the community could be added. That these schools should teach such things that go to make the community better, improve crop conditions, and crop productions. That the homes should be made more cheerful, and farther the thought was advanced that after all the farmer is the person to be taught many problems. That he should be rated with the banker and the business man.

WILL PLAY IN DRY TOWNS ONLY

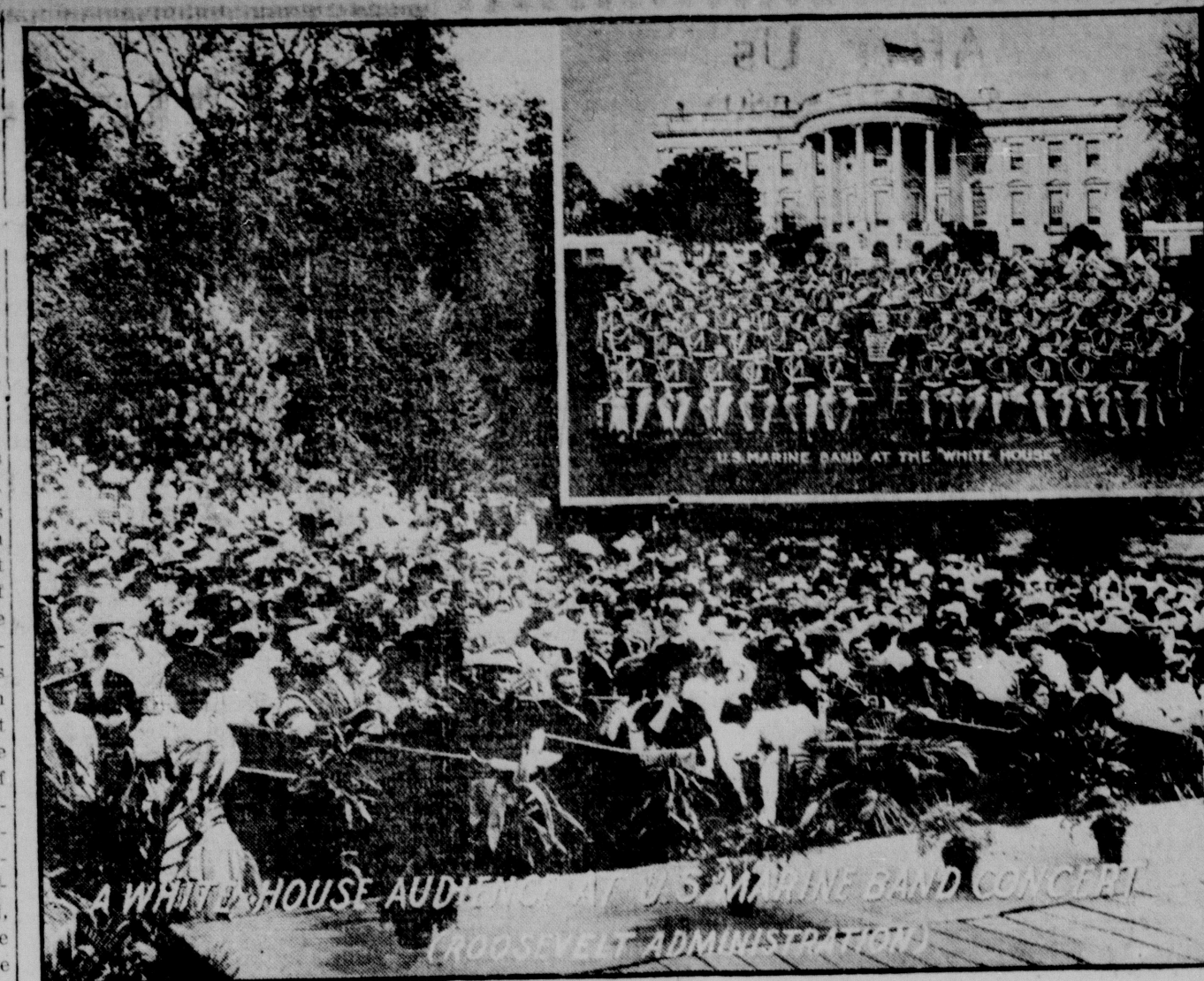
Janesville, Wis., Sept. 18 — The Janesville high school football eleven will not be entitled to play this fall in towns where liquor is sold. This ruling was announced today by Supt. H. C. Buell.

FIRE AT DUMP.
The firemen were called to the dump on Second street, near Harrison street, to put out a fire that had started in the refuse that had been thrown there. The origin of the fire is unknown but nothing serious resulted. A great quantity of tar and other combustible material had been thrown there.

Rev. O. F. Shaw and Miss Emma Hincle returned last evening from Lanark.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hemmen and Mrs. Evans attended the fair in Amboy yesterday.

Mrs. T. E. Kinney attended the fair yesterday.



U. S. MARINE BAND, DIXON, ASSEMBLY PARK, 7:45 P. M., OCT. 5TH

COMMUNITY SCHOOL TO BE DISCUSSED

MASS MEETING AT THE BAPTIST CHURCH SUNDAY EVENING AT 7:30.

Everything is in readiness for the big Community Training School mass meeting to be held at the Baptist church Sunday evening at 7:30. The members of the choir of the city are cordially invited to unite in filling up the choir loft to put the "rousing" into the singing. Mrs. Herbert Harms with violin accompaniment by Walter Stott will sing "The Day is Ended."

A new day is upon us for the co-operation of church schools, public schools and homes in the interest of the moral and religious welfare of all. Dr. Robert Perry Shepherd, Chicago, educational secretary, Illinois Sunday School association, will doubtless bring to Dixon a stirring message. He is worth hearing. Do not fail to hear him.

Not less preaching, but more and better teaching is the slogan. Will the churches endure pastors who do not study? Should the church schools endure teachers who do not study? To the church is left the infinite task of teaching the Bible, the greatest of all text books. Should not the teaching functions of the church be exalted? Should the church school be less efficient in its teaching staff and equipment than the public school? Come and hear about it and become a part of a movement for a better Dixon.

"ONE GIRL IN A MILLION"—A NEW KIND OF MUSICAL PLAY.

The LaSalle Opera house (Chicago) again comes to the front with a brand new musical play that possesses a daintily good gingery swing and an abundance of fetching tunes that keeps one whistling after hearing them. The new piece is called "One Girl in a Million," and along with the "velvety comedy and pretty music quite an interesting story is told, in fact there are several cleverly constructed dramatic situations. The comedy is clean and plentiful—a regular laughing festival is this new piece. There is a plot and it runs along something like the following:

Mrs. Van Allen Blakely, who has money to burn and a palatial villa on the Hudson is giving a house party. One of her guests, her sister-in-law—this is the widow—hasn't money enough to pay some very pressing creditors. But the two heiress orphans and their guardian are coming to the party and the widow, with her creditors, gets up a conspiracy to marry one of these girls to a candidate of her own selection and get a rake-off when the plot succeeds. High-brow Jimmy, who, by virtue of an intercepted telegram, is impersonating the guest of honor, overhears the plot and makes the widow put him in as candidate.

Among the song hits are "I Never Side-step a Two-step"; "The Comedy of Love"; "The Butterfly and the Bee"; "Herman, the Magic Man"; "I Wanted to be a Bachelor"; "In

the Olden, Golden Long Ago"; "I Hate You"; "Blind Man's Buff"; "I Wanta Cave Man"; "Daughters of Eve"; "The Crimoline Girl"; "Moving Picture Ball," etc. The augmented orchestra is under Aubrey Stauffer. A long run is predicted for this delightful fun play. Matinees are now given in the LaSalle, Tuesday, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays.

TO REOPEN EASTERN RATE CASE

(Associated Press)
Washington, D. C., Sept. 19—The Interstate Commerce commission today decided to reopen the Eastern Advance rate case in which the roads were given permission for a slight increase recently.

AUTOMOBILE BURNED UP

An automobile was completely destroyed by burning up yesterday on the Franklin Grove road, near Nachusa. The machine was owned by Minnesota people, and it backfired, igniting the gasoline in the tank, causing an explosion. One of the local garage men was called and he hauled in the wreck, which was worthless.

IS IMPROVING.
The many friends of Mrs. C. F. Wilby will be pleased to learn of her improved condition.

—Call 666. Dr. Stanley, the foot specialist, Hotel Bishop.

APPLE CROP WILL BE LARGE THIS YEAR

DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE SAYS THE YIELD IS LARGER THAN IN 1913.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 18—Present indications are that the commercial apple crop of the United States this year will be far in excess of that of last year but less than that of 1912 by several million barrels, according to announcement made today by the department of agriculture. Department officials say the problem of distribution will be somewhat complex owing to conditions resulting from the European war.

Attention, however, is called to the fact that in normal times Europe takes less than two million barrels of American apples and growers and dealers are urged to be optimistic and to make plans to dispose of the supply usually sent to Europe in other ways. It is believed that with judicious handling the home demand may be increased and the commercial crop marketed with relatively fair success to all.

With respect to Europe, exporters are urged to watch carefully the movements of ships and assure themselves of steamer space and a demand on the other side before making shipments.

PREACH AT STERLING.
Secretary E. T. Bailey of the Y. M. C. A. will fill the pulpit of the Congregational church in Sterling on Sunday.

REPUBLICANS FAVOR NEEDED REFORMS IN STATE AND NATION

(Continued from Page One.)

"We reaffirm the platform adopted by the Republican state convention in 1910 and the platform of the Republican national convention of 1912 in reference to trust and private monopolies.

"The Illinois Farmers' institute has always been a nonpolitical organization for the advancement of farm life and farming.

"The Republican party views with regret any attempt to hamper its work or lessen its usefulness and pledges to restore it to its former place and to keep it unhampered and free from political domination or control."

CO-OPERATE IN Y.M.C.A. WORK

Secretary Crawford and Physical Director Wise of the Sterling Y. M. C. A. will come to Dixon on Monday and will be in conference with the local officials of the Y. M. C. A. The conference will be to discuss ways and means toward a co-operative system of work between the two associations. The plan is to cover all departments of the Y.—religious, physical, social and other activities.

RESHINGLING CHURCH.
Workmen are reshingling the roof of the Episcopal church.



ONE Dollar Banked
has been the foundation for some of the world's greatest fortunes; it will lead the Youthful Saver to a realization of Money-Value and stimulate a desire to accumulate for future enterprise. Accounts may be opened at this Bank with a deposit of one dollar or more and we heartily endorse such initial effort toward ensuing Prosperity.

Dixon National Bank

Capital and Surplus \$250,000
Resources Over One Million Dollars

TO-NIGHT

FROM 7:00 TO 10:00 O'CLOCK
IN THE NEW "STORETTA" BASEMENT

*I will offer 414 yds. of Calico at 4 ³/₄ c yd.
and hundreds of yards of blue and white
Gingham Checks at 4 ³/₄ c per yard.*

W. S. LESLIE

The Trey O' Hearts

A Novelized Version of the Motion Picture Drama of the Same Name Produced by the Universal Film Co.

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

Author of "The Fortune Hunter," "The Brass Boat," "The Black Bag," etc.
Illustrated with Photographs from the Picture Production

Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance

CHAPTER XVIII.

Stranded.

Mr. Thomas Barcus picked himself up from the bottom of the lifeboat, where he had been violently precipitated by the impact of grounding, blinked and wiped tears of pain from his eyes, solicitously tested his nose and seemed to derive little if any comfort from the discovery that it was not broken, opened his mouth . . . and remembered the presence of a lady.

"Poor Mr. Barcus!" she said gently. "I'm so sorry. Do forget I'm here—and say it out loud!"

Mr. Barcus dropped his hands and dropped his head at the same time. "It can't be did," he complained in embittered resignation; "the words have never been invented . . ."

In the bows Mr. Law (who had barely saved himself a headlong plunge overboard when the shoal took fast hold of the keel) felt tenderly of his excoriated shins, then, rising, compassed the sea, sky and shore with an anxious gaze.

In the offing there was nothing but the flat, limitless expanse of the night-bound tide, near at hand vaguely silvered with the moonlight, in the distances blending into shadows; never a light or shadow, stealing sail in that quarter to indicate pursuit.

"Where are we?" he wondered aloud. "Ask me an easy one," Barcus replied; "somewhere on the south shore of the cape—unless somebody's been tampering with the lay of this land. This is a lighthouse over yonder."

Alan took soundings from the bows. "Barely two feet," he announced, withdrawing the oar from the water, and eel-grass no end."

"Oh!" Barcus ejaculated with the accent of enlightenment; and leaving the motor, turned to the stern, over which he draped himself in highly undecorative fashion while groping under water for the propeller.

"That's the answer," he repeated; "there's a young bale of the said eel-grass wrapped round the wheel. Which, I suppose, means I've got to go overboard and clear it away."

Like Mr. Law, he wore neither shoes nor other garments that could be more damaged by salt water than they had been—but only shirt, trousers and a belt.

"If you've nothing better to do, my critical friend," he observed as he stooped to hack and tear at the mass of weed embarrassing the propeller, "you might step out and give us a trial shove. Don't strain yourself—just see if you can move her."

The boat budged not an inch—but Mr. Law's feet did, slipping on the treacherous mud bottom with the upshot of his downfall; with a mighty splash he disappeared momentarily beneath the surface—and left his temper behind him when he emerged.

As for Mr. Barcus, he suffered like loss within five minutes; when, with much pains and patience having freed the wheel, he climbed aboard and sought to restart the motor. After a few affecting coughs it relapsed into stubborn silence.

Studios examination at length brought out the fact that the gasoline tank was empty.

"Not so much as a smell left," Barcus reported.



Dug Into His Money Belt.

"It's no use," he conceded at length. "We're here for keeps." "Why not wade ashore?" Rose Trine suggested mildly from the place she had taken in the stern in order to lighten the bows. "It isn't far—and what's one more wetting?"

"That's the only sensible remark that's been uttered by any party to this lunatic enterprise since you have within earshot of me, Mr. Law," said Mr. Barcus. "Respectfully submitted."

"The verdict of the lower court stands approved," Alan responded gravely.

"But there's no sense in Miss Trine wading," Barcus suggested. "We're web-footed as it is, and she's too tired."

"Well, what then?" "We can carry her, can't we?"

CHAPTER XIX.

"Gee!" he grunted frankly, when after a tollsome progress from the boat, Rose at length slipped from the

seat formed by the clasped hands of the two men. "And it was me who suggested this!"

The girl responded with a quiet laugh of the most natural effect imaginable—until it ended in a sigh, and without the least warning she crumpled upon herself, and would have fallen heavily, in a dead faint, but for Alan's quickness.

"Good Lord!" Barcus exclaimed, as Alan gently lowered the inert body of the girl to the sands. "And to think I didn't understand she was so nearly all in—chaffing her like that! I'd like to kick myself!"

"Don't be impatient," Alan advised grimly. "I'm busy just at present, but meantime, you might fetch some water to revive her."

It was an order by no means easy to fill; Barcus had only his cupped hands for a vessel, and little water remained in them by the time he had dashed from the shallows back to the spot where Rose lay unconscious, while the few drops he did manage to sprinkle into her face availed nothing toward rousing her from the trance-like slumbers of exhaustion into which she passed from her fainting fit.

In the end Alan gave up the effort. "She's all right," he reported, releasing the wrist whose pulse he had been timing. "She fainted, right enough, but now she's just asleep—and needs it, God knows! It would be kinder to let her rest, at least until I see what sort of a reception that lighthouse is inclined to offer us."

"You'll go, then?" Barcus inquired. "I'd just as lief, myself . . ."

"No; let me," Alan insisted. "It's not far—not more than a quarter of a mile. And she'll be safe enough here, in your care, the little time I'm gone."

Barcus nodded. His face was drawn and gray in the moon-glow. "Thank God!" he breathed brokenly, "you're able, I'm not."

He sat down suddenly and rested his head on his knees. "Don't be longer than you can help," he muttered thickly.

He had come to the headland of the lighthouse itself before the ground began to shelve more gently to the beach; and was on the point of addressing himself to the dark and silent cottage of the lightkeeper when he paused, struck by sight of what till then had been hidden from him.

The promontory, he found, formed the eastern extremity of a wide-armed if shallow harbor where rode at moorings a considerable number of small craft—pleasure vessels assorted about equally with fishing boats. And barely an eighth of a mile on, long-legged wharves stood knee-deep in the water, like tentacles flung out from the sleepy little fishing village that dotted the rising ground—a community of perhaps two hundred dwellings.

Nor was this all—even as Alan hove in view of the village he heard a series of staccato snorts, the harsh tolling of a brazen bell, the rumble of a train pulling out from a station. And then he saw its jewel-string of lights flash athwart the landscape and vanish as its noise died away dimly.

Where one train ran another must. He need only now secure something to revive Rose, help her somehow up the beach, and in another hour or two, of a certainty, they would be speeding northwards, up the cape, toward Boston and the land of law and order.

Such thoughts as these, at least, made up the texture of his hopes; the outcome proved them somewhat too presumptuous. He jogged down a quiet village street and into the railroad station just as the agent was closing up for the night.

A surly citizen, this agent, ill-pleased to have his plans disordered by chance-flying strangers. He greeted Alan's breathless query with a grunt of ingrained churlishness.

"Nah," he averred, "they ain't no more trains till mornin'. Can't y' see I'm shuttin' up?"

"But surely there must be a telegraph station—"

"You bet your life they is—right here in this depot. An' I'm shuttin' it up, too."

"Has the operator gone for the night?"

"He's going. I'm the operator. No business transacted after office hours. Call round at eight o'clock tomorrow mornin'. Now if you'll just step out of that door, I'll say g'd-night to you."

"But I must send a telegram," Alan protested. "I tell you, I must. It's a matter of life and death."

"Sure, young feller. It always is—after business hours."

"Won't you open up again—"

"I tell you, no!"

In desperation Alan rammed a hand into his trousers pocket. "Will a dollar influence your better judgment?" he suggested shrewdly.

"Let's see your dollar," the other returned with no less craft—open incredulity informing his countenance. And, surely enough, Alan brought forth an empty hand.

"Make a light," he said sharply. "My money's in a belt round my waist. Open your office. You'll get your dollar, all right."

"All right," he grumbled, reopening the door of the telegraph booth and making a second light inside. "There's blanks and a pencil. Write your message. It ain't often I do this—but I'll

make an exception for you."

Alan delayed long enough only to make a few inquiries, drawing out the information that, for one who had not patience to wait the morning train northbound, the quickest way to any city of importance was by boat across Buzzard's bay to New Bedford. Boats, it was implied, were plentiful, readily to be chartered.

A time-table supplied all other needful advice. Alan wrote his message swiftly.

Addressed to Digby, his man of business in New York, it required that gentleman to arrange for a motor-car to be held in waiting on the waterfront of New Bedford from 3:00 a. m. until called for in the name of Mr. Law, as well as for a special train at Providence, on similar provisions.

But now, though he was all unconscious of the fact, he went no more alone.

His shadow in the moonlight kept him company upon the sands; and above, on the edge of the bluffs, another shadow moved on parallel course and at a pace sedulously patterned after his.

He found his sweetheart and his friend much as he had left them, with this difference—that Mr. Barcus now lay flat on his back and snoring lustily.

He was awakened quickly enough, however, by Alan's news.

But when it was the turn of Rose—she faltered. She lay so still, betrayed her exhaustion so patently in every line of her unconscious posture, as well as in the sharp pallor of her face upturned to the moon, that it seemed scarcely less than downright inhumanity to disturb her.

None the less, it had to be done. Alan hardened his heart with the reminder of their urgent necessity, and



Two Men Shadowed Him.

eventually brought her to with the aid of a few drops of brandy.

Between them, they helped her up the beach, past the point, and at length to the door of the hotel, where—reanimated by the mere promise of food—Rose disengaged their arms and entered without more assistance; while Barcus was deterred from treading her heels in his own famished eagerness, by the hand of Alan falling heavily upon his arm.

"Wait!" the latter admonished in a half-whisper. "Look there!"

Barcus followed the direction of his gesture—and was transfixed by the sight of a rocket spearing into the night-draped sky from a point invisible beyond the headland of the lighthouse.

The two consulted one another with startled and fearful eyes.

As with one voice they murmured one word: "Judith!" To this Alan added gravely: "Or some spy of hers!"

Then rousing, Alan released his friend, with a smart shove urging him across the threshold of the hotel.

"Go on," he insisted, "join Rose and get your supper. I'll be with you as soon as I can arrange for a boat. Tell her nothing more than that—that I thought it unwise to wait until everybody was abed before looking round."

He turned to find his landlord approaching from the direction of the hotel barroom. And for the time it seemed that the wind of their luck must have veered to a favoring quarter; for the question was barely uttered before the landlord lifted a willing voice and hailed a fellow townsman idling nearby.

"Hey, Jake—come here!"

Introduced as Mr. Breed, Jake pleaded guilty to ownership of the fastest and stanchest power-cruiser in the adjacent waters, which he was avaciously keen to charter.

They observed haste religiously; within ten minutes they stood upon a float at the foot of a flight of wooden steps down the side of the town wharf, while the promised rowboat of Mr. Breed drew in, at most leisurely pace, to meet them.

Aboard and away from the wharf, the burden of Alan's solicitude seemed to grow lighter with every equal of the greaseless oarlocks, with every dip and splash of the blades which, wielded by a crew of villainous countenance, brought them nearer the handsome motorboat which Mr. Breed designated as his own. It was not until Alan looked up suddenly to find Mr. Breed covering him with a revolver of most vicious character that he had the least apprehension of any danger nearer than the offing, where Judith's schooner might be lurking, waiting for its prey to come out and be devoured.

"I'll take that money-belt of yours, young feller," Mr. Breed announced,

and be quick about it—not forgetting what's in your trousers pocket!"

In the passion of his indignation Alan neglected entirely to play the game by the rules. The indifference he displayed toward the weapon was positively unprofessional—for he knocked it aside as if it had been nothing more dangerous than a straw. And in the same flutter of an eyelash he launched himself like a wildcat at the throat of Mr. Breed.

Before that one knew what was happening he had gone over the stern and had involuntarily disarmed himself as well.

The other two men made a sad business of attempting to overpower Mr. Barcus. In less than a minute they were both overboard.

"And just for this," Alan said before getting out of earshot—"I'm going to treat my party to a joy-ride in your pretty powerboat."

He concluded this speech abruptly as Barcus brought them up under the quarter of the power cruiser.

Within two minutes the motor was spinning contentedly, the mooring had been slipped, and the motorboat was heading out of the harbor.

Within five minutes she had left it well astern and was shooting rapidly westward, making nothing of the buffets of a very tolerable sea kicked up by the freshening southwesterly wind.

"My friend," observed Alan, "as our acquaintance ripens I am more and more impressed that neither of us was born to die a natural death, whether abed or at the hands of those who dislike us; but rather to be hanged as common pirates."

"You have the courage of ignorance," Barcus replied coolly; "if you'll take the trouble to glance astern, I promise you a sight that will move



you to suspend judgment for the time being."

At this Alan sat up with a start. Back against the loom of the Elizabeth islands through which they had navigated while he nodded, shone the milk-white sails of an able schooner. Sheets all taut and every inch of canvas fat with the beam wind, she footed it merrily in their wake—a silver jet spouting from her cutwater.

(To be continued)

HENRY CLEWS ON THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

New York, Sept. 12.—Substantial progress is evident in the important practical work of clarifying the financial situation. All interests, without exception, are cooperating cordially for the general welfare. The problem of necessary readjustment has, obviously, been attacked at its root. Hence, when business in the Stock Exchange securities is at the proper time resumed it will then be on a completely sound and safe basis. The Governors of the New York Stock Exchange with their usual conservatism are handling the situation in a broad-minded way. They may be relied upon to reach proper conclusions.

The financial markets almost invariably afford an accurate index of the mercantile and industrial activities of the nation. Thus a stable market for securities is dependent upon the degree of prosperity. In those activities. Our foreign trade which has been so completely upset by the derangement of foreign exchange facilities is a prime essential to the progress of trade at home. Sterling exchange transactions are approaching a more nearly normal basis than has been current at any time since the war started. It should not be necessary to resort to exportation of any large amount of the precious metal. Facilitating the shipments of wheat and other food products that are needed so freely abroad would be more effective.

President Wilson has designated October 4th as a day for the American people to raise their voices in prayer that the horrifying carnage that is no win progress and which means such widespread desolation and suffering may cease. It is to be hoped that the prayers of millions upon millions of God-fearing people of all creeds, in all nations will be answered and that the wholesale slaughter, the destruction of homes, the waste of the savings of unfortunate people shall not be permitted to pro-

ceed to the extreme of complete exhaustion. Let us hope that the day appointed may in fact prove to be a day of thanksgiving that the deplorable conditions have ended.

When the war has ended new conditions will arise. The international struggle will of course have to be financed. The burden of taxation will fall heavily upon the people of all the belligerent nations regardless of which side may be designated the final victors. Happily our own country has not been drawn into the maelstrom and our increased taxation is merely a result of the interference by the foreign relations with our routine revenues. With the great derangement and destruction of export markets that have heretofore been served by the belligerent nations of our own manufacturers and merchants will unquestionably find more favorable export opportunities. Congress has already enacted legislation that undoubtedly means the establishment of a merchant marine which will in turn facilitate the exportation of the products of American farms and American mines and American factories.

All this means an increase in our national activities. It at once suggests an increase in the freight tonnage carried by our railroads and in the volume of the products of our manufacturers. Still further, an increase in the volume of business means a corresponding expansion of profits; hence in the value of securities of the various transportation and industrial agencies. It may, I believe, be taken for granted that American foresight and ingenuity will be found completely equal to the task of taking full advantage of the opportunities that are so clearly in sight.

There is still another favorable feature of the situation that will in all probability follow the derangement caused by the European conflict. I refer to the worldwide necessity for economies that will be forced in all branches of national, state, municipal as well as individual affairs. Extravagance has been increasing on such a phenomenal scale that some check has long been needed. The real effect will be far-reaching. Abroad the race for competitive armaments will presumably end for a considerable period with the termination of the war. Our own people have undoubtedly received an object lesson of the necessity of accumulating for a rainy day. They may, with good reason be expected, when their incomes return to a normal basis, to take advantage of the low level of high grade securities as the best method of investing their savings.

Viewing the situation in a broad light, there seems no reason to suppose that the recovery that will inevitably follow the current depression that has been forced upon this country by causes over which it has no control will be rapid and substantial. The government's report on the grain crops which was published this week is certainly suggestive of this rapid recovery since it fore casts such great prosperity among the farming interests, which are the backbone of this country. The wheat crop has virtually been harvested and final returns will show very close to 900,000,000 bushels if indeed that unexampled mark is not exceeded when the government's final harvest returns are published in December. Not only have our farmers an unprecedented wheat yield, but as a result of the war they are to combine the unusual factors of a large yield at high prices. There seems slight reason to doubt that Europe will require every bushel of wheat that we can spare and will be willing to pay correspondingly profitable prices to our farmers.

Meanwhile the corn crop is making good progress and is well up to the average, although not a record-breaking one. The same may be said of the minor crops and in all instances there is the same favorable feature of high prices. Cotton unfortunately is necessarily depressed by war and must await the resumption of business abroad before it can be expected to move with normal freedom. But the agricultural outlook as a whole is an excellent one—a fact that should not be lost sight of in any formal reopening of Stock Exchange business.

Even should the war be carried on for an extended period there are favorable features that are worthy of consideration. The first shock of the conflict has been experienced. Worldwide efforts in governmental as well as banking circles are in progress looking to the resumption of business. There is now slight reason to expect the destruction of commerce by hostile ships, as the seas have been cleared by the fleets of the allies. Thus the transportation problem for exports and imports of merchandise has been very largely solved and efforts are now being centered on the problem of providing the financial facilities necessary for a free movement of foreign trade. When the latter has been accomplished a long stride will have been made in the direction of reducing the

interference of the European conflict with the Stock Exchange business.

In brief the general situation may be said to be working out favorably for a resumption of business on the New York Stock Exchange on the basis of safety and profit. The date when business shall be officially resumed can very properly be left to the managers of the New York Stock Exchange, who may be depended upon to authorize a resumption of business the very moment that the grave considerations that are prime factors in the general situation will permit. A feature clearly needed in the work of the construction is the confidence of investors in the soundness of securities. Railroad executives have this week had a conference with President Wilson on the necessity of securing additional revenue if they are to perform the obligations expected of them in the direction of furnishing adequate transportation facilities for the country's development. The railroads in the nature of things must make constant demands for new capital for extensions. But they cannot obtain this capital unless they can show a sound condition financially and thus encourage investors to purchase securities on a fair basis. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the President and the Interstate Commerce Commissioners will recognize the necessities of the railroads and permit proper profits to be derived from the transportation of merchandise. Prosperity among the transportation lines will soon spread to other industries. They are for instance, by far the largest consumers of the steel mills. Hence any ability to buy new material for extensions or improvements could hardly fail to be reflected in the steel trade. Railroad prosperity spells general prosperity for the country and should be encouraged by all who have any influence however great or small. The eastern roads obtain partial relief in the recent rate decision. But the relief was not sufficient. More should be granted to include the railroad situation as a whole.

After the experience of this devastating and brutally cruel war on life and property, no permanent peace can be effected unless it provides for disarmament of all the nations involved, and a binding peace compact made between them for a pro rata combination of forces ample to police both the land and sea of the entire combatants, also to include all other nations. If that is accomplished as a result of the war, then it will be an important gain to humanity, and in part some compensation growing out of the costly and dreadful slaughter of human life will be derived. If such a settlement is not accomplished then recuperation with vindictive intentions will be likely to bring about another similar war in due course of time, which may include our continent and the whole of Asia, thereby making a greater deluge of blood and destruction of property than the present upheaval. The only possible gain that this war can produce is what I propose, as stated above, and the people of all nations should rise up and insist upon it. It is a question for the peoples of the world to solve for their own protection, provided the various governments will not accomplish the result, as the lives of the people and their interests are where the suffering and losses strike. Why then, should they not make their voice and actions sufficiently strong to overthrow the few that undertake to rule adversely to their safety and interests? In the entire history of the world no parallel can be found of the terrible war between the nations transpiring today. The annals of the past conflicts define in nearly all cases the causes that led to them. While we read of what might be called "good" wars, such as our own struggle for liberty, and our later war for freedom, the bad wars vastly outnumber them, but seeming causes always existed—religious wars, wars of conquest, and as I said wars for personal rights and national freedom. For the present war, however, I fail to find a cause or reason. I call it the most unreasonable and barbarous war the world ever beheld. It came to us in so shocking a manner that it could be likened to

HARRY L. FORDHAM

Dix 1



Progressive Candidate FOR STATE SENATOR 35th Dist.

the Antichrist that the Gospel has warned us to expect some day. I look upon this European conflict as an Antichrist war. What else can it creditable be called, with its brutal wholesale mowing down, by the most modern killing machinery, of all kinds of human beings, comprising all religions without regard to race and without mercy, the like of which the world has never previously witnessed. The peoples of all nations should rebel even against their governments, if necessary, to stop it. HENRY CLEWS.

LET SOMETHING GOOD BE SAID

When over the fair fame of friend or foe
The shadow of disgrace shall fall;
Instead
Of words of blame, or proof of so and so,
Let something good be said.

Forget not that no fellow being yet
May fall so low but love may lift
his head;
Even the cheek of shame with tears
is wet,
If something good be said.

No generous heart may turn aside
In ways of sympathy; no soul so
dead
But may awaken strong and glorified,
If something good be said.

And so I charge ye, by the thorny crown,
And by the cross on which the Saviour bled,
And by your own soul's hope for fair
renown,
Let something good be said.

—James Whitcomb Riley.

Lawyers, the Telegraph is well equipped to do your brief and abstract work on short notice, having installed a new typesetting machine.

GRANDMA NEVER LET HER HAIR GET GRAY

Keep her locks youthful, dark, glossy and thick with common garden Sage and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger.

Banish the "Blues!"

If you have that depressed feeling it's more than likely that your blood is out of order—impoverished or poisoned. There is only one thing that will alter your present condition—that's to restore your stomach to normal health and strength. For a weak or diseased stomach cannot make good blood. If your digestion is bad your food will not make the good blood which nourishes body, brain, heart and nerve.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

helps the stomach to do its work naturally and properly. Stimulates the liver. The system is freed from poison. The blood is purified. Every organ is rejuvenated. Instead of the "Blues," you feel fit and strong, equal to any task or up to any pleasure.

This great remedy has proved its worth year after year for over forty years. Let it prove its worth to you. Sold by medicine dealers in tablet or liquid form or send 50c for trial box by mail. Send 31 one-cent stamps to pay cost of mailing only on a free copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Advice, 1008 pages, clothbound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

MAN WANTS BUT LITTLE HERE THAT HE CANNOT GET BY ADVERTISING

WANTED

WANTED: Highest market price paid for all kinds of junk, old iron, brass, rubber, metal, also hides and wool. Trading direct with us means more money for your goods. Call 413 for your orders. S. Rubenstein, 114-116 River St., Dixon.

WANTED: Five married Men, Women and children to bring their shoes to us for repairing. Our work is the best that labor and material can produce. Full line of foot-cases, polish for white and black shoes, shoe strings and in soles. H. Beckingham, 108 Hennepin Ave. 01 tf.

WANTED. Woodwork of all kinds, furniture repairing, remodeling and building new furniture, interior woodwork, stair building, pattern making, lawn mowing and tool sharpening and saw filing, at 213 E. First St. O. Selgestad & Son, 2 Doors East of Hotel Bishop. Phone 737. 41tf

Patronize Home Industry. Have your clothes made by people who make them. Our clothes are made under our own roofs. We invite all ladies and gentlemen to call and see our tailor shop and how our work is made by skilled tailors. We are making to advertise our work. Men's pants \$4.00 and ladies' skirts \$5.00. D. Kahn & Co., 109 W. First St., Dixon, Ill. 91tf

WOMEN. See guaranteed hose to friends and neighbors; 70 per cent profit. Make \$10 daily. Experience unnecessary. International Mills, Box 4059, West Philadelphia, Pa. 123 2m*

WANTED. Every person in Dixon suffering from aching, tired feet, to try a box of Healo. Nothing more soothing and restful be convinced. Buy a box from your druggist. tf

FOR SALE. A beautiful building lot on Third St. Enquire of Miss Mary Wynn, 420 Third St. Home Phone 929. 56tf

WANTED. Men to learn barber trade. Can make your entire tuition back while learning if you are a hustler. Position guaranteed. Write for catalogue. Tri-City Barber College, Davenport, Iowa. Jul2toct27

If you want to buy a farm in Dakota, write E. A. Wadsworth, Langdon, N. D.

WOMEN. Sell guaranteed hosiery to friends, neighbors and general wearers; 70 per cent profit; make \$10 daily; experience unnecessary. International Mills, West Philadelphia, Pa. 8 1m

WANTED. Men to sell seeds to farmers and ornamental stock in town. Apply at once. Herrick Seed Company, Rochester, N. Y. 218 3*

I HAVE A CONTRACT to distribute a million FREE Pkgs. Borax Soap Powder. Want reliable men and women to help. \$15.00 weekly. Waverly Brown, 730 N. Franklin, Chicago. 218 3*

WANTED—Small family washings or piece washings, or will go out by the day for sweeping and cleaning. 404 S. Hennepin. 21813*

WANTED: A dish washer at once, at the Saratoga Cafe. 218 3

WANTED—Sewing. Miss Myra Dean. Phone 13957. 2016 W. First St. 21813

WANTED. A man to pack orders. Night work. Apply at once. Beier's Bakery. 218 3

WANTED. Old feather beds. Highest price paid for old feathers. Will stay a week in your city. Address Simon Cohen, Gen. Del. Will call. 19 6*

WANTED—Young women to learn nursing. High class registered training school. Earn \$25 per week after graduation. Write for catalogue. Washington Park Hospital, 43 E. 60th St., Chicago. 21913

LADIES—\$2.25 doz. making plain aprons; fascinating home business; parcel post any distance. Stamped envelope for particulars. Winthrop Supply Co., Providence, R. I. 1913*

Ask for club rates, The Evening Telegraph and the Chicago Daily Tribune. Tel. No. 5.

Nurses record sheets for sale at \$2.50, now 49 and 79 cents. Only ten left. Come while they last.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE. Northwest Missouri corn, clover and blue-grass farms. Best all-round farming country in the world. State soil map free. Basel J. Meek Land Co., Chillicothe, Mo. 97tf

FOR SALE. 7 room house, near schools and South Side Illinois Central depot. A bargain at \$1500. F. N. Newcomer Company.

FOR SALE—Two heating stoves, cheap. Round Oak and Hot Blast. Call at 806 E. Morgan street of phone 11266. 21813

FOR SALE—A very desirable building lot on Third street. For further particulars see Miss Mary Wynn.

FOR SALE—50 cords of good oak wood delivered or on my farm near ice house switch, Dixon, Ill. S. R. Harris, owner, 5 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill. 210124

FOR SALE, a Davenport. Enquire of Mrs. Frank Rosbrook, 515 E. 2nd St. Phone 326. 87tf

FOR SALE. Awnings and Tents. All awnings and tents sold in Dixon are put up. Tent of any kind or size. Hay covers, wagon covers. Best fire, lightning and tornado insurance. Telephone 14997. Robert Anderson, 512 W. Third St. 77tf

FOR SALE—An elevator, cheap. Call 992, or No. 5. 87tf

FOR SALE. 7 well improved corn farms near Hoopston at very attractive prices; write for particulars. George E. Tribbey, 522 East Penn St., Hoopston, Ill. 40 1m*

FOR SALE. A lot in Amboy. Enquire of Mrs. Eustace Shaw, Dixon, Ill. tf

FOR SALE—A very desirable building lot in the east end. Enquire of Mrs. F. J. Rosbrook, 515 E. Second St. Tel. 326. tf

FOR SALE. Forty h. p., seven passenger automobile; perfect condition. Or will trade for property. Address "F," Dixon Telegraph. 15 6

FOR SALE—Large grounds with all kinds of fruit, old and new fashioned shrubs, roses of the different varieties, purple and white lilacs, also the old way snow drop that is rarely known, also all household furniture, hard coal stove, Garland heater, not long in use, a range and small heater grate front. Everything goes. Inquire of Mrs. Ella McGrath, 1102 S. Galena Ave., Dixon, Ill. 21611

FOR SALE—2 good second hand piano case organs. Your choice, \$35, if taken at once. Easy terms. Theo J. Miller & Sons, cor Galena Ave. and Second St. 21516

FOR SALE—Ripe tomatoes, 60 to 90 cents per bushel; green tomatoes, egg plant, tame plums, apples, potatoes, and cabbage. O. D. Sweetman, Phone 14260. 21616*

FOR SALE—Two small safes. Enquire of J. H. Kenneth, 919 Peoria Ave. 21611

HOME FOR SALE. Double house, 6 rooms and 5 rooms, 4 halls, city water, gas, cement walks, lot 75x100, 2 cellars, 2 cisterns, 315 East Fifth St., \$1425 will buy this \$2000 home—\$100 down, balance on easy monthly payments. The rent from one side pays the interest on cost of house. Geo. C. Loveland. 15 6

FOR SALE—Three second hand Excelsiors, two second hand Hendersons, one of which is two speed, one second hand Indian T. S. These machines must be sold within 30 days and prices are right, as we must have the cash. Shaw and Larson, Excelsior agents. 205112*

FOR SALE—Sweep-O for sweeping floors. Red, \$2 for 100 lb steel can. Green, \$2.50 for 100 lb steel can. Phone 479. Diamond Remedy Co., Dixon, Ill. 213118

FOR SALE—On liberal terms or will rent for cash, improved farm of 160 acres near Walton. Apply to W. S. McCloy, Sterling, Owner.

FOR SALE—A sow with 8 pigs nine weeks old. Enquire of Mrs. Brady, Rock Island road. R. F. D. 6. 1913*

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Several fine office rooms; hardwood finish, running water, very light. Call No. 5. tf

FOR RENT—Two large clean rooms for storage purposes. Phone 618. 218 3

FOR RENT—3 to 5 years, 1-2 mile east of court house, Dixon, Ill., 125 acres; 9 room brick house, 4 barns, orchard, cistern, windmill; all buildings in good order. Make best offer. Will sell. See J. C. Ayres, Dixon, or write S. R. Harris, owner, 5 N. LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill. 210124

FOR SALE—Four door, 40-horsepower, Oakland touring car in excellent condition, with new tires. Call at 524 Jackson ave., Dixon. 21117*

FOR RENT. A 3 room apartment over Ware's store. Enquire of Mrs. H. U. Bardwell, 612 E. Second St. Tel. 303. tf

FOR RENT—Furnished room free to woman or girl of good character who will be willing to stay a few evenings each week. Call phone 13608. 21913

FOR RENT. 7 room house; hard and soft water; electric light and gas. Call 13516. 219 3

LOST

LOST. A brown leather hand bag containing a small amount of change and a carved tortoiseshell hair pin, between the Nachusa Tavern and Family theatre. Reward if returned to Mrs. H. T. Noble, Cor. Dement Ave. and Second St. 15 6

LOST—Between First and Third streets on Hennepin avenue, a small leather purse containing three dollars. Finder phone 942 and receive reward. 21813

ANNOUNCEMENT

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk on the Republican ticket at the special primary, Sept. 30. Your support is respectfully solicited.

W. G. KENT.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of circuit clerk on the Republican ticket at a special primary, Sept. 30. Will appreciate your support. W. FRANK PRESTON, South Dixon.

JOHN E. MOYER Republican candidate for the office of Treasurer of Lee Co., Ill., respectfully solicits your support and urges you not to forget election day, Tuesday, Nov. 3rd, 1914. tf

PUBLIC SALES.

Sept. 21—Meese Bros., stock sale, 5 miles south of Dixon on Peoria road. D. M. Fahrney, Auct.

Sept. 23—Valentine Holzhauser, household goods and residence, Village of Woosung. D. M. Fahrney, Auct.

Sept. 24—Lester Hoyle, stock sale, 5 1-2 miles east of Dixon on Chicago road. Sam Forney and Ira Rutt, Aucts.

PUBLIC SALE.

At my residence in the VILLAGE OF WOOSUNG, ILL., WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23RD, at one o'clock p. m., all my household goods and furniture, a lot of canned fruit, one nearly new top buggy. Will also offer at auction my place consisting of three acres of ground, a good eight room house, good barn and other outbuildings; well and cistern.

Valentine Holzhauser. D. M. Fahrney, Auct. C. B. Leake, Clerk. 14 8*

Suea Teacher for Whaling Boy. Springfield, Ill., Sept. 19—For the alleged beating and cruel treatment of his ten-year-old son by a school teacher, Edward Herrin, father of Willard Herrin, has filed suit in the circuit court against Miss Gladys Smith of the Buffalo public school for the recovery of \$2,000 damages.

Boy Tells Kidnaping Story. Jerseyville, Ill., Sept. 19—Hansford Lockforth Lockridge, fifteen years old, returned to his home and told a story of being kidnapped by a band of gypsies, made to steal for them, beaten and half starved, and finally rescued by an uncle.

Digger Dredge Burns. Quincy, Ill., Sept. 19—The digger dredge of the Quincy Sand company burned in the middle of the Mississippi river at a point slightly nearer the Missouri shore opposite the Diamond Joe ware house.

DOUBT DISSAPPEARS

NO ONE IN DIXON WHO HAS A BAD BACK SHOULD IGNORE THIS DOUBLE PROOF.

Does your back ever ache? Have you suspected your kidneys? Backache is sometimes kidney ache.

With it may come dizzy spells, Sleepless nights, tired, dull days, Distressing urinary disorders.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been endorsed by thousands. Are recommended here at home. You have read-Dixon proof. Read now the Dixon sequel. Renewed testimony; tested by time.

Mrs. C. Charlton, 77 Peoria Ave., Dixon, says: "I was in poor health for some time as the result of disordered kidneys. My back bothered me a great deal, being very weak, stiff and lame. I tired easily and had various other symptoms of kidney complaint. Finally, I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they soon relieved me. During the past year I have had no need of a kidney medicine. You may continue to publish the endorsement I have previously given Doan's Kidney Pills."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Charlton had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

TIME TABLE

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RY. Correct time of all trains leaving Dixon that carry passengers and freight. Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

South Bound. Local Express, Dly ex Sun 7:15 a. m. 12:30 Southern Exp. 11:16 a. m. 81 Clinton Exp. 5:10 p. m. Amboy Freight 8:50 a. m.

North Bound. 132 Waterloo Exp. 9:59 a. m. 24 Local Mail 5:25 p. m. 20 Local Exp. 8:16 p. m. Freeport Freight 12:30 p. m.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RY. Correct time of all passenger trains leaving Dixon. Daily except where otherwise specified.

East Bound to Chicago. No. Lv. Dixon Ar. Chicago 6:33 a. m. 6:45 a. m. 24 6:23 a. m. 9:05 p. m.

7:22 a. m. 10:30 a. m. 18 8:05 a. m. 11:00 a. m. 10 10:58 a. m. dly ex Sun 2:40 p. m. 14 1:16 p. m. 4:00 p. m. 4 4:21 p. m. dly ex Sun 7:25 p. m. 100 4:15 p. m. Sun only 7:50 p. m. 12 6:10 p. m. 8:45 p. m.

West Bound. No. Lv. Chicago Ar. Dixon 7:00 a. m. ex Sun 10:20 a. m. 9 7:10 a. m. Sun only 10:23 a. m. 10 10:15 a. m. 12:50 p. m. 9 12:15 p. m. dly ex Sun 3:34 p. m. 27 4:20 p. m. 7:26 p. m. 11 6:05 p. m. 8:40 p. m. 25 6:10 p. m. 8:57 p. m. 17 9:31 p. m. 11:53 p. m. 7 10:02 p. m. 12:36 a. m. 3 10:45 p. m. 1:57 a. m.

No. Lv. Dixon Ar. Peoria 8:01 8:35 Peoria Pas. 11:52 a. m. *Los Angeles Limited. No. 17 stops only for passengers to Granger, Wyo. or beyond.

MARKETS

Corn 75 Oats 42 43 Creamery butter 34 Eggs 22 27 Butter 28-33 Lard 11-15 Spring chickens 20 25 Potatoes 75 1.00

FURNISHED BY WALTER FITCH & CO., CHICAGO—CHAS ANDERSON DIXON, MANAGER Chicago, Sept. 19 1914

Wheat—Sept 111 1/2 11 1/2 110 1/2 110 1/2 Dec 114 1/2 114 1/2 113 113 1/2 May 121 1/2 121 1/2 120 1/2 120 1/2

Corn—Sept 78 1/2 79 1/2 78 1/2 79 1/2 Dec 72 1/2 73 1/2 72 1/2 72 1/2 May 74 1/2 75 1/2 74 74 1/2

Oats—Sept 47 1/2 48 47 1/2 47 1/2 Dec 50 1/2 51 1/2 50 1/2 50 1/2 May 52 1/2 54 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2

Pork—Sept 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2 Jan 20 1/2 20 1/2 20 1/2 20 1/2

Lard—Sept 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 Oct 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2

Ribs—Sept 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 Oct 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2 11 1/2

Hogs open 5c higher than yesterday's average. Left over—2181. Light—88 1/2 @ 95.0. Mixed—85 1/2 @ 95.0. Heavy—81 1/2 @ 93.0. Rough—81 1/2 @ 83.0. Cattle weak.

Sheep 10 to 15c lower. Receipts today—Hogs—5000. Cattle—500. Sheep—7500. Hogs close steady to strong. Estimated Monday—28,000.

FIVE THUGS GET \$50,000 IN GEMS

Mrs. Nellie Clark Robbed at Kankakee, Ill.

FORCE HER TO OPEN SAFE

Robbers Go to Place in Auto Stolen in Chicago—Bind Woman and Her Maid—Bloodhounds Put on Trail and Countryside Is Scoured for the Bandits.

Kankakee, Ill., Sept. 19.—Five Chicago gunmen, who drove from that city to Kankakee in a stolen automobile, went to the home of Mrs. Nellie Clark there, forced her to open a safe in the house and after binding her and Margie Miller, housekeeper, and cutting electric light and telephone wires, escaped with diamonds and jewelry valued at \$50,000.

Mrs. Clark first handed the marauders \$80, which was under her pillow, saying that it was all she had. But they refused to accept the money and demanded her gems. At the point of pistols she unlocked a safe and produced her jewels, which are valued at \$50,000. The robbers took these and \$200 in cash and fled.

Acting on information received from the chief of police of Kankakee Captain Halpin of the detectives bureau sent detectives to three west side addresses, which he refused to give out. Other officers were sent to Kankakee to assist in the man hunt in which the down state police are engaged.

Bloodhounds Put on Trail.

After finding the gunmen's automobile abandoned twelve miles northeast of Kankakee, near Mokena, Chief of Police John Stack set his men to scouring the woods and corn fields. Bloodhounds were put upon the track of the fleeing bandits and a hundred heavily armed men are searching the countryside with flying squadrons of deputy sheriffs patrolling the roads in automobiles.

Auto Stolen, Is the Theory.

The number of the automobile being by the Kankakee authorities is 92113. Records at Chicago show that the machine registered under that number belongs to Julius John Strehlow of the Chicago fire department, living at 2350 South Clifton Park place. The car was stolen.

On the theory that the auto gunmen are from Chicago, the Chicago police are keeping a close watch for suspects.

LOZIER COMPANY IN COURT

Petition Filed for Receiver for Detroit Motor Company.

Detroit, Sept. 19.—Alleging insolvency, petitions in bankruptcy have been filed in the United States court against the Lozier Motor company and the appointment of a receiver is requested. A hearing is set for next Wednesday. The petitioners for a receiver are the Detroit Pressed Steel company, the Welded Steel Barrel company and the Brightman Nut and Manufacturing company of this city.

Counsel for the Lozier company does not admit insolvency. A statement last December scheduled assets at over \$4,000,000 and liabilities of \$1,500,000.

THE MARKETS

Cash Grain Quotations. Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1.09@1.10; No. 3, red, \$1.08@1.09; No. 2, hard winter, \$1.09@1.10; No. 3, hard winter, \$1.07@1.09; No. 1 northern spring, \$1.13 1/2 @1.14. Corn—No. 2, 77 1/2 @77 1/2; No. 2, white, 80c; No. 2, yellow, 78 1/2 @78 1/2; No. 3, 77 1/2 @77 1/2; No. 3, white, 79 1/2; No. 3, yellow, 78c; No. 4, 77 1/2 @77 1/2. Oats—No. 3, white, 47 1/2 @48c; No. 4, white, 47 1/2 @47c; standard, 48 1/2 @48c.

Chicago Live Stock. Hogs—Receipts 3,000. Quotations ranged at \$9.30@9.50 light shippers, \$8.20@8.50 heavy packing and \$7.75@9.00 good to fancy pigs. Cattle—Receipts 2,000. Quotations ranged at \$10.00@10.50; good to choice steers, \$7.00@7.50 choice to prime beef cows, \$7.85@8.50 good to choice fed heifers 12.00@12.50 good to choice veal calves.

Sheep—Receipts 6,000. Quotations ranged at \$8.15@8.75 good to prime native lambs, 5.50@5.75 good to choice handy yearlings, 5.85@6.25 good to choice wethers and 5.50@5.75 good to choice handy ewes.

Butter. Extras, 30c; extra firsts, 28@29 1/2c; firsts, 26 1/2 @27c; seconds, 24@25 1/2c.

Live Poultry. Fowls, 16c; springs, 16c; roosters, 11 1/2c; turkeys, 16c; ducks, 13c; geese, 10c.

East Buffalo Live Stock. Dunning and Stevens, live stock commission merchants, East Buffalo, N. Y., quote as follows: Cattle—Receipts 600; market slow. Hogs—Receipts 5,000; market steady; heavy, \$9.75@9.85; Yorkers, \$9.85@9.90; pigs, \$8.65@9.75. Sheep—Receipts 3,000; market slow; top lambs, \$8.65@8.90; yearlings, \$6.25@9.25; wethers, \$6.00@6.50; ewes, \$5.75. Calves, \$5.00@13.00.

Lawyers, bring us your brief and abstract work. We are well equipped to handle such work on short notice, having recently added an other Linotype to our equipment.

PUBLICSALE



We will sell on our farm 5 miles south of Dixon on the Peoria road on Monday, Sept. 21, 1914, 60 HEAD OF CATTLE.

30 head of choice fresh milch cows and heavy springers. 30 head of yearling steers, bulls and heifers. 200 head of hogs. 80 spring pigs. 80 fall pigs. 30 head of fat hogs. 12 sows to farrow in September. Free Lunch at Noon.

Terms of Sale.—One year's time on notes with approved security, with 6 per cent interest from date, until paid.

D. M. Fahrney, Auctioneer. Clifford Gray, Clerk. MEESE BROS.

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will have a stock sale at his place of residence 5 1-2 miles east of Dixon on the Chicago Road Thursday, Sept. 24, A. D. 1914 the following property:

45 Head of Cattle. Consisting of 24 steers coming 2 years old; 12 heifers, 6 yearlings and 6 coming 2; 1 Short Horn bull, red, coming 2; yearling Holstein bull; the rest milch cows soon to come in; 1 fine Jersey cow, heavy springer.

8 Head Horses; 3 Mules. Being 4 sucking colts, all black; 2 yearling colts, 1 bay, 1 black; 1 bay colt coming 3 years old; 1 bay horse 4 years old; 3 good mules 8 years old.

37 Head Hogs. Being 26 spring shoats; 9 sucking pigs; 2 fat hogs. Lunch at 11:30. Sale commences at 12 sharp.

Usual terms of sale. LESTER HOYLE. Sam Forney, Ira Rutt, Aucts. Harry Warner, Clerk. 219 3*

PUBLIC SALE

The undersigned will sell at public sale in Pine Creek township, about 7 miles north of Dixon and two miles east of Pennsylvania Corners, upon what is known as the Jacob Adams farm on Tuesday, Sept. 22 Commencing at 1 p. m. sharp, the following property:

4 Head of Horses. Bay gelding 6 years old, broke single and double, a splendid driver; brown gelding 6 years old; brown stallion 4 years old; yearling colt.

9 Head of Cattle. 4 good milch cows; 4 spring calves and a two year old bull.

3 Brood Sows; 3 Shoats. 26 acres of corn in field. Can be removed if desired. 5 tons good hay in barn. 50 bushels of potatoes, 45 chickens.

Farm Machinery. Etc.: Lumber wagon, carriage, buggy, McCormick mower, Deere sulky plow, bar shear plow, Deere riding cultivator, walking cultivator, Sterling corn planter. Deere seeder, bob sled, forks, shovels, cook stove, 2 iron beds, bureau, commode, 3 rocking chairs, 1 dozen dining chairs.

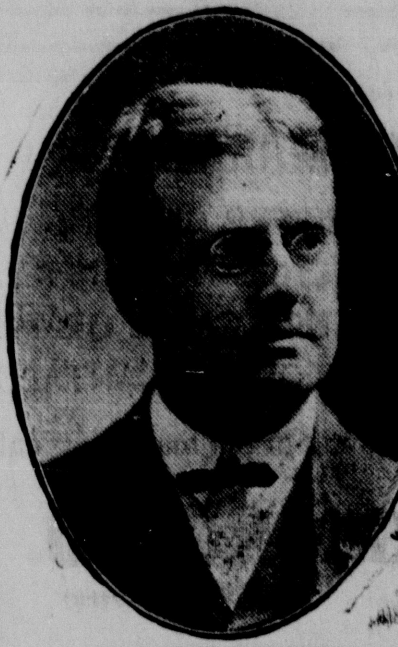
Terms of Sale: All sums under \$10 cash. On all amounts over that sum a credit of one year will be given up on receipt of note with approved security bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent from date of sale.

NOAH ADAMS, Oregon, Route 5. V. H. Bovey, Auct. Clifford Gray, Clerk. 219 3

JOHN J. ARMSTRONG



Dixon, Illinois DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR COUNTY JUDGE Your Vote and Your Support Will Be Appreciated.



FRED G. DIMICK Dixon, Illinois REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR COUNTY CLERK. Served over 12 years as Deputy Clerk Your Support Will Be Appreciated

EVERY CHILD

Every child is entitled to a good portrait of its parents. Have your children a good likeness of you? If not call at the Chase Studio and let us take some of you that will be a satisfaction to your family.

CHASE STUDIO, Makers of High-Grade Portraits.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Announcement is hereby made that the Colors of the Primary Ballots to be used at a Special Primary Election to be held in Lee County, Illinois, on the 36th day of September, A. D. 1914, by the respective parties will be as follows:

Democratic party—Blue. Progressive party—Pink. For Social Justice Republican party—White. Socialist party—Green. Dated the 12th day of September, A. D. 1914.

WILLIAM C. THOMPSON, County Clerk. 21516

Keeley Treatment For Druggists, Chemists, Physicians, and other Drug Using, the Tobacco Habit and Nervousness. Correspondence strictly confidential. THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Dwight, Ill.

Electric Fixtures

Call and see our display of the latest styles and get our reasonable prices

MARGARINE

is a sweet, wholesome food, a rival of the best creamery butter, and deserves a place on your table. It has the same fine flavor and will give you the same satisfaction as butter.

Jelke Good Luck Brand	-	25c lb.
Swift's Premium	-	25c lb.
Arman Butter Cup	-	20c lb.

PRATT-REED GROCERY COMPANY

Phone No. 21 (Successors to Earll Grocery Co.)

IN MARKET—

KEIFFER CANNING PEARS,
MICHIGAN PEARS AND PEACHES, GRAPES,
FANCY CALIF. GRAPES, PLUMS, PEACHES,
COLORADO CANTALOUPE.

We are in the market for eating potatoes any time.

GEORGE J. DOWNING

Two Phones 340 and 1040

SIR SPRING-RICE

British Ambassador Apologizes
for Carden's Alleged Criticisms.



Photo by American Press Association.

NEUTRALITY IS EMPHASIZED

President Declines to Receive German-American Protest.

Washington, Sept. 19.—President Wilson emphasized his desire that all American citizens preserve the strictest neutrality in the present war by refusing to receive Horace L. Brand, editor of the Chicago Staats Zeitung, who had brought to Washington a long petition from German Americans protesting against the charges of the Belgian high commission that the German army had committed atrocities during the campaign through Belgium. Mr. Brand was informed unofficially by the White House that the president regarded it as highly improper that he should receive partisan expressions from American citizens bearing on the issues involved in the war.

PARLIAMENT IS PROROGUED

King George Signs Home Rule Bill—Talks of Worthy Cause.

London, Sept. 19.—War will be continued until the "worthy purpose" of British independence is achieved, said King George in proroguing parliament, after he had signed the home rule bill. The king, in his speech from the throne, said: "My army and army have with increasing vigilance, courage and skill, sustained in association with our gallant and faithful allies, a just and righteous cause. From every part of my empire there has been a spontaneous and enthusiastic rally to our common flag. We are fighting for a worthy cause, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully accomplished."

CAN'T FIGHT; TAKES POISON

Battle Creek Centurion Trying to Die When Rejected for Army.

Welland, Ont., Sept. 19.—Dundie Tane of Battle Creek, Mich., said to be a centurion, was found in convulsions at the park as a result of taking poison, presumably in an attempt to commit suicide. There is little chance of his recovery.

A note was found in his pocket saying he was disappointed because he did not pass the medical test as he with the Canadian contingent to the war.

Governor Baldwin Nominated for Senate

Richmond, Conn., Sept. 19.—Governor Shinn B. Baldwin was nominated for United States senator at the Democratic state convention here.

The BARGAIN COUNTER

Merchants to Their Patrons

WANTED.

Good reliable young man not afraid to work. Bowser Fruit Store. 173

BOYS AND GIRLS.

Don't forget your day, Tuesday, Sept. 22, at our Majestic Range Demonstration, Sept. 21 to 26. Get a Free Souvenir and Prize.

E. J. FERGUSON,
Hardware.

FOR SALE.
Iron and wooden pulleys and shafting. Also a small elevator. Call at this office. 906

PEARS.

Will have a car canning pears on track last of week, 85c per bu. See salesman at Bowser Fruit Store. 2193

NOTICE.

If you are getting more than one copy of the Telegraph please notify us, unless you desire to subscribe for two copies.

NOTICE.

Having recently returned from Chicago where I took a thorough course in Modern Corsetry and Figure Correction, I wish to announce to the ladies of Dixon that I am in a position to render expert high grade corsetry service and would appreciate a share of your patronage.

MRS. NETTIE SCOTT,
Phone 229. Spirella Corsetters.
165

WATERMELONS.

Just received the finest car of the season. They taste like more. Bowser Fruit Store. 2193

APPLES.

Will have a car of Pennsylvania apples on track first of the week. See salesman at Bowser Fruit Store. 2193

DR. STANLEY.

Dr. Stanley, the foot specialist, is at the Bishop Hotel. Call 446 if you wish his services.

Look at the little yellow tag on your Telegraph. It will tell the exact date to which you are paid.

FREE.

\$3.00 worth of ware will be given away FREE with every MAJESTIC RANGE sold at our demonstration, Sept. 21 to 26.

E. J. FERGUSON,
Hardware.

PEACHES.

Our fancy Elbertas on track, \$1.50 per bushel basket while they last. This is all the Elbertas for this season. See salesman at Bowser's Fruit Store.

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Our best Minnesota Early Ohio, price 85c per bushel. See salesman at Bowser Fruit Store, 11 Hennepin Ave. 2203

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KIMBRELL & SON
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Will give the people of Dixon a first class passenger service to and from all trains. Special rates on parties and out-of-town service. Call Phone 144.

Dining Room Furniture

We have a very choice line to select from, and are sure we can show that it is to your advantage to make your purchase here.

We invite you to come and see us before your selection.

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Rugs, Linoleums
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Refrigerators, Porch
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Shades, the best Fur-
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Over 27 years in business
DIXON LOAN & BUILDING ASS'N
J. N. STERLING, Sec'y.
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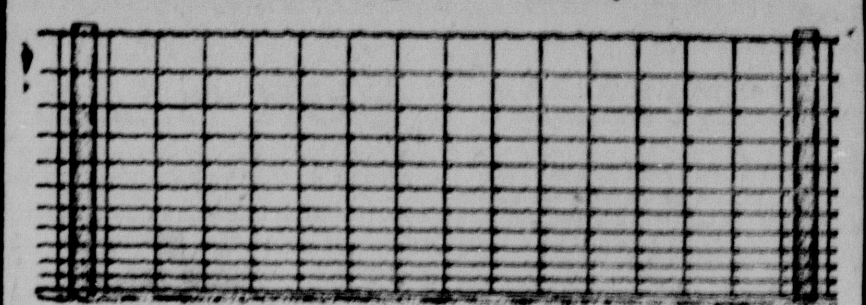
D. B. Raymond & Son
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STERLING DRUG STORE.
Phone 30.

Stands Like a Stone Wall

Turns Cattle, Horses, Hogs—Is Practically Indestructible



AMERICAN FENCE

Buy your new fence for years to come. Get the big, heavy wires, the hinge joint, the good galvanizing, the exactly proportioned quality of steel that is not too hard nor too soft. We can show you this fence in our stock and explain its merits and superiority, not only in the roll but in the field. Come and see us and get our prices.

American Field Fence

REDUCED PRICES

To reduce our stock of American Field Fence we are making a radical reduction in prices for a short time only. Also low prices on Steel Posts.

Now is your chance, don't let it slip.

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Auto Livery, Hack Service and Transfer.

Baggage and passengers to all trains. Special attention given to parties, dances and weddings.

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DRY CLEANING, PRESSING
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Only Private Chapel in the City
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Office—78

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FALL AND WINTER SAMPLES
of Foreign and Domestic Woollen
Suits from \$15, \$18, \$18
and up.
Cleaning and Pressing and Repairing
Ladies and Mens Clothing
From 50c up

GERHARD FRERICH'S

We believe that the nice large peaches at the cheapest price of the season is past. The tendency of the prices from now on will be higher. The grape season is commencing. Prices will be reasonable. Also the cheap pears will be on the market in a couple of weeks. They ought to sell around 90c and \$1.00 per bushel. Jonathan Apples and Grimes Golden are now in the market. The Wealthy Apple is now the best cooker in the market. There has been no advance in staple groceries for the last ten days.

Dixon Grocery Company

NACHUSA TAVERN

Bus and automobiles meet all trains for hotel and city passengers.

Watts Bros. Prop. Phone 900

White House Coffee

Packed in 1lb-2lb and 3lb
All tin cans. Never in bulk.
Try it. It has the "tang" of
the Orient, and it will please

HOON & HALL GROCERS
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Under the Management of
THE PLEINS

Thursday, Friday,
Saturday and Sunday

KANKASIAN EAGLE TROUPE

Russian Singers, Dancers and Instrumentalists

FRANKS AND WALTERS
Modern Songs and Dances

Ground Floor Theatre

MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2:30
ALL SCHOOL CHILDREN, 5c

ADMISSION

5c and 10c

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The farmers and work-
ingman's store, the store
that undersells and saves
you money.

SEPTEMBER CLEARING SALE

200 pairs of men's Oxfords, Good-year welts, such makes as Fellowcraft, Walk-Overs, Choice, \$1.50 a pair.

200 pair of Men's Oxfords.

Barry on Top Welts, choice \$2.00 a pair.

In order to clear out all our broken lots of women's Low Shoes, all sizes go. Choice at \$1.00 a pair.

This lot comprises such makes as Julia Marlowe, Uta & Dunn, Rochester Shoes.

White Tennis Oxfords, 11 to 7, 45c
White Tennis Oxfords, 7 1/2 to 5 1/2, 50c.

Whitmore's White Dressing, 5c a bottle.

Two-in-One Shoe Polish, 5c a box.
15 doz. Blue Chambray Coat Shirts, each 25c.

Best Tubular Shoe Laces, 5c a doz.

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR

Lady Assistant
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111 First Street - DIXON, ILLINOIS

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New egg case filled
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HONEY THIN COOKIES
for One Dollar - \$1.00
You can't afford to bake at this price
CALL AT ONCE

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5c 5c 5c 5c

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TWO BIG FEATURES MONDAY NIGHT

"When America Was Young"
A BRONCHO DRAMA in which a little boy raises a girl's life from the Indians.

"In The Nick of Time"
IN TWO REELS
A REMINISCENT DRAMA in which a train dispatcher regains his old job, after losing it by drink, by saving the Railroad Company from a terrible wreck.

ADMISSION 5c
OPEN 6-30 p. m.

5c 5c 5c 5c

5c EXTRA EXTRA 5c
DIXON OPERA HOUSE

We are surely satisfying the people. Come and see our Great Little Nickle Show. Your money's worth is "Our Motto"

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"FOR THE SECRET SERVICE"
TWO-REEL REX DRAMA
"A STRONG AFFAIR"
STERLING COMEDY
"THERE IS A DESTINY"
AMERICAN VICTOR DRAMA

Sundays Program
"COUNTERFEITERS"
TWO-REEL REX DRAMA
"A BOWL OF ROSES"
REX DRAMA
"UNIVERSAL BOY NO. 1."

Why Not Be Comfortable and Listen to Nice Music While Seeing Good Pictures.

HEATING STOVES

FOR A GOOD STOVE AT A LOW PRICE, we offer you the **BONNY OAK**
Cast Iron Base, Fire-bowl Front Top and Side Rings.

We have sold dozens of them and they are the best value for the money.

No. 11	13	15	17	19
\$7.50	\$9.00	\$10.50	\$12.00	\$14.00

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